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	1	OHIO ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS	1	PROCEEDINGS	
	2		2		
	3		3	MS. RAMOS: The Ohio Advis	•
	4 5	Grace Ramos, Chairperson Melanie Mitchell	4 5	Committee to the United States Civil Rights Commis	
	6	Lee Esprit Juan Perez Clifford Savren Y.W. Bryan Choi	6	now convene. We'll be having hearings all day. I ho everybody is prepared, this should be interesting.	pe
	7	Y.W. Bryan Choi Roberta Presley	7	We would like to welcome Ma	yor Turner,
	8	Roberta Presley Barbara Rodemeyer Virginia Ortega Mary Jurkievacz	8	who would welcome us, he has a busy day, so we'll g	go ahead
	9	Thomas Rogers	9	and start, and after that we will take a 5 or 10 minute	1
	10		10	recess while some of the presenters get here.	
	11 12		11 12	MAYOR TURNER: Good mor	
	13		13	thank you for coming to Dayton, Ohio, and I also wan thank you for the importance of the activities that you	
	14		14	perform.	
	15		15	It's exciting to have you in our	
	16		16	community, I looked at the schedule of the people the	at you
	18	1	17 18	have who will be testifying before you today and I	_
_	19		18	appreciate both the breath of the groups that you have coming before you and the importance of the issues	
• • •	20		20	looking at.	, ou 10
27/	21	CCR	21	As Mayor of the City of Dayton	1
(''	22	3	22	welcome you on behalf of the entire City Commission	n of
	23	Meet.	23	Dayton.	
	22 23 24 25	396	24 25	We're a very proud city, and I'd	
	1). (25	to note, if you pick up the paper today we've been rat	

of the seven most livable cities in the midwest out of the The general procedure for the invited 2 top 25. 2 guests for public and private inquiry is for them to make a I'm very excited about that ranking, 3 3 we're definitely a city that people think of when they think 4 4 5 of peace, having been the site of the Dayton Peace Accord, 5 6 and negotiations between Croatia and Bosnia, the former 6 7 Yugoslavia Republic. So we welcome you, we hope that your 7 8 8 time is productive. 9 If there's anything my office, the city 9 10 can do to help you at anytime, please, let us know. 10 11 MS. RAMOS: We'll be sure to give you a 11 12 report of everything that comes out for your review. 12 13 MAYOR TURNER: Wonderful, we 13 14 appreciate the work that you do. 14 15 MS. RAMOS: Thank you. 15 16 (Brief recess taken.) 16 MS. RAMOS: We'll do this one over 17 17 time will also be determined by the Chair. 18 again. The Ohio Advisory Committee to the U.S. Commission 18 19 on Civil Rights will come to order. 19 20 My name is Grace Ramos, Chair of the 20 experiences with the committee. 21 Ohio Advisory Committee. We're here today to examine 21 22 minority employment opportunities in Montgomery County, 22 23 The proceedings of this meeting 23 24 are being recorded by a court reporter and information 24 25 submitted at this meeting will be formally submitted in the 25

10 minute presentation on employment opportunities for minorities and professional and managerial positions at their particular facility. At the conclusion of these statements the balance of the time for that panel will be accorded to committee members for questions. If there is additional information our invited guests would like to offer the record of this meeting will remain open 30 days, during which time such information may be submitted to this committee through the Mid-western Regional Office of the U.S. Commission. Presentation time for those who are not employers will be at the discretion of the Chair. To accommodate those not invited a public session has been scheduled for later this afternoon and speaking time at that The advisory committee appreciates the willingness of all participants to share their views and And just as a footnote from the court reporter, sometimes when people read their reports, like I just did, they rapidly go through, they have asked you to slow a little bit so they can catch all the information. Our first speaker is Phil Parker, and he is the President of

form of a report to the commission for its consideration and submission to the Congress of the United States and the Library of Congress. The other members of the Ohio Advisory Committee held here today are Tom Rogers from Beaver Creek; Mary Jurkiewicz, and Mary you're from?

MS. RAMOS: And we have Virginia Ortega 8 9

MS. JURKIEWICZ: Aurora.

from Toledo; we have Barbara Rhodemeyer from North Canton; and Melanie Mitchell, who just stepped out to get a cup of

11 coffee from Columbus, the Governor's office; we have Roberta 12 Pressley from Cleveland; and Clifford Savren, this is only 13

your second meeting, from Cleveland; and Juan Perez from 14 Columbus; and Mr. Choi is going to be joining us later, he's

15 from the Dayton area.

During this hearing no person or organization is to be defamed or degraded by any member of 18 this advisory committee or any participants. Any individual 19 or organization that feels defamed or degraded by statements in these proceedings will be given an opportunity to

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22 We are going to maintain our schedule 23 this morning and throughout the day it is very important for 24 us to do so as a courtesy to the participants who are making

time for us in their busy schedules.

the Dayton Area Chamber of Commerce.

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MR. PARKER: Thank you, Madam Chair, and I would like to thank the Committee for inviting the Chamber to participate in your program here. I know that you'll be meeting a number of my membership members this morning and this afternoon, and I am really pleased with that, because the list that you'll be talking with and working with this morning and this afternoon I think and are some outstanding companies and I think there's some outstanding opportunities that hopefully that they'll be able to share with you more specifically. My comments might be a little

different, maybe not so much, but a little bit different, because I'd like to talk about maybe the overall picture of our community.

And hopefully share with you some of my thoughts, some accept trends, maybe even some initiatives that are ongoing in this community that perhaps might be of benefit to your committee and what your mission and vision is all about

First of all, let me just say that I think, personally, that there's a lot of opportunity for growth in minority employment area.

I was pleased, I was very much benefitted by a program that I went to last fall where the

1 American Chamber of Commerce Executives got together, my 1 As a matter of fact I had even 2 counterparts from metropolitan chambers across the nation, I 2 suggested in my original meeting that Sinclair might be added to some of your future meetings or future 3 think they recognize about a hundred of those organizations, and I think if I recall there was about 86, I think, 4 4 correspondence, because of their work in this area, because 5 represented at this meeting, so it was very well 5 they are looking - especially. I think one of their 6 represented. 6 initiatives is how to get more minorities in certain key 7 And at this meeting one of the most 7 positions that they have defined as lacking or the 8 outstanding topics of discussion was diversity, and I know 8 demographics are not perhaps what they should be. 9 that specifically I've seen some of the statistics and some 9 A perfect example they stated to me was 10 of the information that was sent to our office about your 10 that how can we get more minorities in manufacturing jobs, 11 particular meeting, and we certainly want to talk about any 11 because our town, like several of you from other larger 12 of the issues you'd like to talk about. 12 industrialized towns in Ohio, our town has historically been 13 But I know that many times when we look 13 an industrial community, and we have a lot of 14 at what you are looking at, minority opportunity, we look at 14 manufacturing, at one time we had more. 15 it now from the Chamber standpoint, we're a little bit 15 We are trying to move back to some of 16 broader than that, even though, I think, if my information 16 that manufacturing, because we happen to think that the jobs 17 is correct that women are technically considered, I think, 17 - those types of jobs that actually build something and 18 by federal law as minorities. 18 either sell it or export it locally or nationally or 19 We're looking at what we term diversity 19 internationally create value added jobs. 20 20 management. We're looking at total diversity now in our Jobs that are a higher paying scale and 21 work place, in our companies and across the board as far as 21 we want that for our people in this community, and 22 22 leadership in our community. certainly transcends across all dimensions of our community, 23 23 So my comments might be including all the diversity diverses of culture, race and 24 interchangeable, but I would hope that I would like to try 24 ethnicity. 25 to clarify just a little bit that I'm talking probably 25 One of the things we found that out was 10

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In this particular program, Dr. Roosevelt Thomas, out of Atlanta was the keynote speaker. We also had someone from the National Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, we also had someone from a local African-American Chamber of Commerce that was there at that particular meeting from that community, and they really brought a lot of different perspectives about the business community and how we are using the talent of our diversity of other people.

about a little broader issue that call diversity management.

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And quite frankly it really opened my eyes personally, and I was really pleased with that, because every once in a while when the light bulb goes on it makes me think about opportunities that we have maybe back in our own community and I was very intrigued, because several of the chambers have already started to work even more diligently in this area of promoting that diversity management, promoting better opportunities for a wide range of employees and people of other communities.

19 20 A perfect example was the Detroit 21 Chamber of Commerce who sent us some information, we have 22 then gone on and taken some of this information and sat down 23 with one of our local institutions, Sinclair Community 24 College, you might be familiar with it, I know several of

you from the area are probably familiar with it.

that Sinclair again was very interested in this, so we may be partnering in that particular program with the Chamber of Commerce.

And I would just like to share with you a few thoughts that I picked up about this diversity, and hopefully in my closing remarks I'll try to pull it back together about where the trend is and where we might be headed.

Dr. Thomas, who is a consultant, who's done a tremendous amount of work nationwide and who spoke to a number of groups, has been a consultant nationwide, I wrote down some notes from his meetings, he said, you know, Phil, this is not an issue of just black and white, it's not just about race, it's about that whole cultural mix that we need in our community for success.

And he went on to - if I wrote this

down right, he went on to try to define that diversity is every one together and he kind of used an analogy of believe it or not, a stew, and the analogy that he used was that normally when we're in the kitchen and were creating a stew, it's a very creative process, we can put in a lot of things in that pot, it's supposed to taste good when it comes out of that pot when we serve it it's supposed to be good for us, it's supposed to nourish our body and hopefully make us stronger.

And quite frankly that's when my light bulb started to flicker just a little bit, because he was saying things like, Phil, it's not just about affirmative action, it's not just about, and he went on to define in his terms, you know, where we have been through quite a phase here over the last 10, 20 even 30 years of going through affirmative action, of now going into a phase 2, what he called understanding the differences in culture and diversity and he went on to define this diversity management. And he got me very interested in this topic because his point was businesses - all businesses whether they be small, medium or large, those are all represented by our Chamber of Commerce, need to have a better understanding that if we understand the cultural differences we can use those as a strength in our business.

topic because his point was businesses — all businesses whether they be small, medium or large, those are all represented by our Chamber of Commerce, need to have a better understanding that if we understand the cultural differences we can use those as a strength in our business.

It can actually become an asset, because now we can get more creative thinkers, we can get people with different backgrounds that come at problems from different means and different perspectives, and if we work real hard that diversity will make those organizations, those businesses he was trying to point out, can actually make them stronger and I think that's the case.

As side note I came back, I certainly had that discussion with Sinclair Community College, and

more research, we started following up with companies that had diverse backgrounds and diverse peoples in their employment populations, and we found out that sometimes they didn't know how to understand that once a person got there how those cultural differences may be such that the person may not want to stay in that organization.

And I guess I hadn't personally thought about that in the past, I'd always thought it's the right thing to do, you hire and you make sure that you give all people great opportunities, but I guess I didn't think about the fact that a person can come into a particular job well-trained, well-educated, but of such a diverse background — and I'm not talking about any one particular group, we're not just talking about a specific realm, we're not talking about Hispanic or we're not talking about just African-American.

I think this almost goes across the board that many times the culture of that business might be such that the people that are there that come in new have a tendency not to be successful, because they don't seem to think that they are wanted or fit in, and somehow we have to change that whole paradon, and that's part of this diversity management we're working on, how can we expose that part, that unsuccessful part, where people that have all the skills that we're looking for, how come they are not being

they were very anxious to help us move towards perhaps establishing a pilot project here in our community, not only

for our Chamber, I have 31 employees, but not only

4 internally in understanding diversity, but how to use those

creative juices in our own organization. But also maybe how

6 to take that information out to our other 3,300 businesses

that we represent.

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And one of the things that I was very pleased and was glad to understand, was that there are a number of companies, I think General Motors is coming in to speak with you later, they happen to be one that's supporting this with the Detroit Chamber of Commerce.

There are a lot of companies that

support this whole change in making sure that they have the right hiring, the right policies in place, so that people of all diversities can be successful.

One of the things that I did find out though coming back is we did a survey and did some focus groups with some of our businesses.

And one of the things that we found out was it was a question that we said are you interested, would you be willing to hire people of diverse backgrounds, and quite frankly most, I don't really remember anyone that said that they wouldn't be interested in hiring.

But then we started doing a little bit

successful.

And does it lead then to the employer, the individual, the owner or CEO or the HR person or whomever does a lot of the hiring.

Does it then lead later on to that person saying, well, you know, we've tried to hire more minorities or put women in certain positions, or whatever the case might be, and for some reason they will leave, quit, they last a few weeks or months or maybe a couple of years and we have the highest of tumovers in those areas. That's one of the areas we want to focus some of our attention.

Now, let me tell you why, and I know this is selfish, but if in any of you know me in the room, and Grace is probably the only one that does, you know that I shoot straight and I tell you exactly how it is.

We have, in my opinion, a real need almost to the extent of an emergency need in this community, I think it's like this in several other communities, Cleveland is represented here, I think Canton, several other communities are, and I work with some of those other chamber executives.

Our unemployment rate is 3.8 percent in this region. And we think it's possible that it can even get lower, now that's a double edged sword for some of us.

When we first noticed a few years ago when I came on the Chamber about four years ago we started seeing that unemployment rate go down. Part of that was because we're in the middle, about that time we have been through about eight years of reasonably good business trends on a national level that the businesses have been fairly successful.

And about that time we're halfway through that cycle that cycle is still there thank goodness.

through that cycle that cycle is still there thank goodness.

and I hope it continues, but we startled noticing a lot of
our businesses were growing and prospering and having good
economic growth and that they were hiring the people that
there was that started the first phases in the last few
years we started seeing a whole change in the issue of
public assistance, and how we're trying to get people away
from public assistance into the private sector into jobs.

So a lot of employers are starting to hire, but what we find out is it was a doubled edged sword, as great as it was we could actually say in this community that we have a lot more people employed than what we have had in the past.

We also found out that there were a lot of businesses that were still crying for good qualified trained individuals to serve.

So I guess part of my message this

the City of Dayton - and Grace I hope I don't cross that

2 line, what did you say earlier about degrading, I'm not

3 trying to degrade, because I sit on that committee, and I

4 love these people and we're working real hard with the city

5 schools, but they will tell you there's a lot of people,

6 young students in their programs, they serve about 26,000

students that come from lower socio-economic backgrounds,
 that they have a huge drop out rate, twice what the state

average is in our community.

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And my concern is that education and training is still an important key factor to making sure that we provide and have good jobs for the minorities and the diversity that you are interested in and that we are all interested in.

I don't think we've done yet a good enough job in that, and I have this philosophy that a lot of the success of this country and this community will fall back on education, the education and training that we provide for our people.

And here is a community, the City of Dayton, our largest community in this region that has a lot of young people dropping out of school that will not have the skills that employers want and need before they hire them.

That's the other side of that double

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morning is that I think that there's outstanding opportunities.

opportunities.

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Bryan happens to be a local employer and member of the Chamber of Commerce, I would hope that he might concur with my analysis that a lot of employers are saying we need good employees, we are lacking the quality, and certainly even the quantity that we need to be successful in this community.

And I'll bet you we could probably say that's somewhat the case in Cleveland and Akron and Canton and some other places around our state.

So I guess, my point is there's a great
opportunity for us if we strike and strike fast and strike
hard and strike positive and to try to encourage the
business community to help us hire as many people as we can,
but we need to make sure that they understand that there's a
lot of people of diversity out there that don't yet still
have jobs.

I came from a meeting this morning with the Dayton Public Schools, I sit on their business advisory committee, and they gave out their annual report.

As a matter of fact, I think some of the information was in the newspaper this morning, if you had chance to see the Dayton newspaper.

But one of the things about Dayton --

1 edge sword, because employers – part of that survey, when

2 we asked them, they said, well, Phil, yes, the answer is,

3 yes, we will hire, but we just can't afford - especially

4 the small business community, any business community quite

5 honestly, I shouldn't just say small, that is unfair to

6 medium and large business, because they also have to be very

7 careful with their work force, with their bottom line to

make sure that they are profitable companies, but

9 certainly we have a lot of small businesses that are members

10 of the Chamber of Commerce, and they say and we have to have

11 people of the highest skills to be successful and we just

can't hire people that aren't ready and skilled and trained

and motivated.

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So one of the biggest things that I think that perhaps some of the local institutions, not only

the Chamber of Commerce, but also the Sinclair Community
 College, the schools, the four year universities, we have

18 several in this region, we're very proud of that.

19 I think we have to do a much better job
20 of preparing our people for those jobs that are coming up,
21 because we knowfor a fact that there's going to be still a
22 lot of opportunity out there for them.

We don't know if there's an end to this good business cycle. I'd like to thank the Lord that maybe there isn't an end to it, that we would have a long reign of

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1 good business in this community and in this state and 2 nation 3 That might change if we were sitting in 4 a recession right now, we might not be talking about some of 5 the same exact subjects, but there's going to be a lot of 6 opportunity, we think, for jobs and employment. 7 And that a lot of people of color, a 8 lot of people of different races and nationalities are not 9 in the job sector right now and we need to do everything 10 that we can to bring the skills and the trades and the 11 education to everyone so that they can have opportunities. 12 So there is a trend, I think there's a 13 trend that says there is opportunity, there's a trend that 14 there are organizations that want to take this very 15 seriously and work hard in that community. 16 Is there kind of a selfish end, well, 17 yes, but please don't think bad of us for the fact that our 18 businesses want to be successful. 19 I would hope that you would look at 20 that as opportunity to say, well, good there's darn good 21 reason for you to want to hire as many people and be as 22 successful as you can and fill your employment needs, so 23 that your businesses can grow. 24 And I guess my point is we ought to try 25 as hard as we can together to strike while the iron is hot,

1 Commerce is affiliated with the Chamber and I think is a 2 good way of bringing in businesses and labor force. 3 You mentioned something about the job 4 center, how it works here in Dayton, because I think its 5 very innovative, isn't it? 6 MR. PARKER: It's very innovative, 7 thank you, very much. Indeed I wish I could take the credit 8 for it. I was not that smart to be able to say that I could 9 take any of the credit for it. 10 There's some very good people in this 11 community both professionally and on the government side, 12 but also some key volunteers. 13 One particular, the retired chairman of 14 Huffy, the bicycle company here in town, Fred Smith, has 15 been a tremendous initiator of this particular program of 16 trying to integrate all the services of social services, job 17 training services, or as many as we can under one roof. 18 We don't necessarily have all the job 19 training services, but we do have some there. But you can 20 literally walk in, if you are in need of public assistance, 21 you can walk in and for the first time it's more than just 22 - and here is the beauty of it, it's more than just under 23 one roof, because just about any fool could do that, anybody 24 could put everybody under one roof and compartmentalize and 25 close their doors and go about their business.

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while we have such good business growth and opportunity to get as many people as we can employed in all the right jobs, so that we can raise their quality of life.

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The chairman of our board last year in the Chamber of Commerce used to use the analogy, a rising tide lifts all boats, and I think that's a very good analogy, if you really want to know the truth.

We have as an economy state and as a community a lot of us have seen us rise with good business, with a better quality of life, let's make sure that it raises all boats along the way, so that we can all enjoy a much more satisfying quality of life.

That's my comments, I probably went over, Madam Chairman, I apologize, but perhaps there's questions the committee might have, if I can answer those.

MS. RAMOS: Yes.

MR. PARKER: I'm sure some of the people you will talk to today will give you very good specifics and they will share with you perhaps some more specific insight.

MS. RAMOS: I thought maybe you could say something about —I think it's the new job center that they have down here that seems to work out real well from what I read in the newspapers, I'm not involved in it; and

also comment that I'm glad that the Dayton Chamber of

This is actually an integrated process were great businesses where these organizations, where these government agencies and even the private sector, we actually have some of the job placement companies, private sector companies that are actually housed here just a couple of miles away right on the river, the great Miami River, a few miles away from here where it's all under one roof.

And we're looking about seeing what

And we're looking about seeing what other government services can also be tied into that same type of concept, but the beauty of that is we're all trying to put a lot of emphasis on lowering that public assistance need out there.

And I'm pleased to say I don't have the exact numbers, the head of that program could probably speak to the exact numbers, but it was just a few short years ago that I think the number that they were serving day in and day out was about 15,000.

Last year they reported that that number was about 7,000, and now they say that it's closer to 5,000.

So they made tremendous strides in getting people moving them from public assistance into the private sector jobs.

My concern is we want to make sure that they have opportunity to move up in those jobs, and yes they

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may be starting sometimes in entry level jobs that's quite a weekly basis what jobs are available with their skill possible, because of their skill sets. sets, if that citizen will input their skill sets into that But how do we make sure that they so long as they have access to the Internet, we've now continue growth as far as their training and education, integrated that into the job center that has been a very because let's face it, not every one is going to be able to creative process over there and so far has shown tremendous survive on minimum wage, we want to make sure that they have success, and right now it's just serves Montgomery County the opportunity to move into some of the other good jobs and Premble County. that are available in this community. Now other counties are looking at the And as a side bar, if you will allow same type of process, not necessarily being here in this me, the job center came - well, the job center invited --building, but in their own counties. I live in Green the County invited the Chamber of Commerce to participate County, work in Montgomery County, and I know Green County about a year and a half ago in a program that they wanted to is looking at how to integrate these services closer. They try to have some type of electronic job bank network here in have some of that already, they'd like to do it even more in this community that would list the jobs, and part of that the future. job listing was OBES has a system that they have right now Thank you, guys. That has been a very in place, but no one seemed to be participating in the OBES successful program in our community where people can go and program. get the services that they need under one roof, because it So we all got together in a room like makes it much more easier, because we all know that if this around a big table like this and we talked about it, people are in need and especially if it's public assistance, and we came back and we had several organizations make sometimes people don't know how to acknowledge, how to find presentations and the Chamber brought in an organization these services, and in some case perhaps there's even a from out in the Des Moines area that had a program that they reluctance, because there's still a stigma if you're on were starting to incorporate in several communities public assistance that's not good, you should be in the nationwide and they call it Nation Job, and we submitted private sector. that one as our proposal and it was very costly, much higher So we need to make that a process

than any of the other proposals.

Also when it came time to vote, I think
the chamber was the only one that voted for that program,
because of the cost.

Well, no program got any kind of

Well, no program got any kind of consensus, so they kind of dropped the idea. And a few weeks later Fred Smith came back to us and said, Phil, if you like these guys so well you put together this program for the job center and the community.

We went out and asked the private sector to help us fund that, we raised \$1,800,000 to get together a five year initiative on the program called Nation Job.

It's an Internet based electronic job based networking where employers can put jobs. We now have about 3,000 jobs on this system and just got up and started in February.

Employers can put their jobs on there, it's more than just one or two lines, they actually can use two screens of computer information about this job, plus they can actually hot link if they have a home page or web site for this business they can hot link back to that.

But employees, or citizens, potential hirees can actually get into the system and not only look at it, but there's a system where the system will tell them on

that's convenient that's not intimidating, that is something that is of benefit to those people so that we can try to steer them to get them whatever public assistance that they need, but also try to get them the proper training and education and the knowledge of where the jobs are so that we can try to point them towards those jobs.

And the last point I'd like to make is, the Chamber and six other organizations put together a survey late last fall and we got the results this spring of jobs and opportunities that we have in this community.

And though some people may say that the number was inflated, I don't know if it is or not. We had two very good institutions Wright State University and U.D. collaborated, they paid for professional services for us, and we have over 40,000 available jobs in our region, in our region, not just Montgomery County so please I don't want to say that's just Montgomery County, or just Green County or Preble, but in our region.

That means there's a lot of opportunity for people of all backgrounds to find good jobs out there.

We need to make sure that we steer them towards those jobs, we make those jobs available to them through Nation Jobs, and through the job center, through any sources that we have, but we also need to make sure they have a skill sets and the education and the readiness that they are going to

1 need to be successful with a local employer. 2 MS. RAMOS: Do we have a few minutes 3 for a couple of questions? Does anyone have any questions? 4 MS. ORTEGA: I'm curious, you mentioned 5 you had 31 employees, how diverse - how does that break 6 down within the diversity within the Chamber of 31 7 employees? 8 MR. PARKER: The majority is women, in 9 our organization my management team is two women and two 10 males, plus myself. 11 We have five or six people of color in 12 our organization, and there's quite a great opportunity, 13 because we have a certain amount of mobility within our own 14 organization, we have a certain turnover just like anybody 15 else, and our first commitment is to hire within and try to 16 promote within. 17 If that does not happen we certainly -18 I don't know any employees that we've taken from outside of 19 our community, at least in the four years I've been there, 20 we've hired from within our region. 21 We try to give the people of our region 22 our first opportunity, we are a regional metropolitan 23 Chamber of Commerce, we're not just the City of Dayton. If you look at the demographics and say 24 25 we represented only the City of Dayton demographics wouldn't

1 represent some of the highest level of leadership in our 2 community, and we were very pleased to have them now be part 3 of this organization. 4 So we made some progress, quite 5 frankly, we still have a ways to go too, but we are 6 cognizant of that. We don't try to hide that. 7 As matter of fact, Tuesday we had our 8 executive committee and the chair of our nominating 9 committee is a female from one of the larger corporations, 10 NCR 11 And again, that was the topic of 12 conversation as we come up for renewals for board positions 13 this fall, let's make sure we understand our diversity 14 needs and that we're trying to make sure we have a good 15 proper mix and good representation of our community, and 16 again we look at ethnicity, but we also look at industry, 17 all types of demographic looks, and also we want to be able 18 to represent small, medium, and large businesses. 19 So if you looked at our board you will 20 also see a number of small, medium and large institutions on 21 the board. 22 MS. MITCHELL: I have a question, 23 actually two questions. I was curious as to the number of 24 business members you have in the Chamber; and the second

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show it very well, but we are an organization that represents at least six counties.

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So we are fairly diverse, we worked real hard from the leadership of our organization, I'm real proud of the fact that we have about 25 percent females on our board.

That does not sound like a lot from our Chamber of Commerce, but it is a dramatic improvement of where we were just a few short years ago.

We have quite a bit of diversity as far as ethnicity, and serving business, industry, geographic and lot of other areas also. But we're real proud of that because our organization as of last year was 90 years old, and in those first 88 years our volunteer chair, who is normally one of the top CEO's in our community had always been a middle aged white male. But two years ago we had our first

female as chair of our board, and last year we had our first African-American and that was not done by accident. We went out and sought that type of

leader that represented that diversity out there, and we were very pleased to find some outstanding qualified people of good leadership.

And Bobby Langdon, Maria Joseph, some of you might know Bobby Langdon, from Key Bank, they

1 working with, I think Sinclair College, I'd like to know a 2 little bit more about that and what specific resources do

3 you provide to your member companies if they have questions 4 or have needs in this area?

question is you mentioned a pilot program that you were

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MR. PARKER: Two questions there, first we are blessed with almost 33 hundred business members. We are the 23rd largest Chamber in the nation. that represents about 200,000 out of the 475,000 people that are employed in our region in our MSA. So we're a fairly large organization, we're very proud of that fact.

As far as our pilot project, there's actually another one I didn't talk about and that was one that we in our strategic plan and in our 1998 business plan for the Chamber, we recognized the need to help more - do more for minority businesses.

Grace had mentioned the fact that we have a nice relationship with the Hispanic Chamber, but again our definition is it's more than just Hispanic, because we have a very good population of African-Americans in this community, we have a pretty good population that's a growing populations of the Pacific realm, because of

22 Panasonic and Honda, folks just to our north, we're going to 23 be having perhaps the Isuzu folks, the Japanese folks coming

in doing a program with General Motors in Marain, Ohio, we 24 25

have a lot of Indian, Asian, in our community, we have a lot

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1	of Native American in our community and Hispanic also.
2	So I we've been trying to do more and
3	we put together a plan, the University of Dayton actually
4	had a center for minority business development that had
5	closed its doors last June of `97.
6	They closed their doors June 30th of
7	`97, we think because of that then there's a void that
8	someone needs to pick that up, and the Chamber, we think we
9	are probably the best organization or one of the best,
10	probably one of the best of a handful, even though I think
11	we've identified about 14 or 15 organizations that we
12	collaborate with to provide services to those minority owned
13	and controlled businesses.
14	But to answer your question about the
15	Sinclair project, this is a project not only where we want
16	to be more cognizant, our small business of 31 employees,
17	because even if you look at us an organization that serves
18	a community, we're still a small business organization and
19	we need to make sure that we understand our cultural
20	diversity and how we can a best work with all the different
21	diverse cultures.
22	We want to train ourselves, just like a
23	program we did on ethics, we'll do it in-house and train
	program we did on entics, we ii do it in-nouse and train

1 that nurturing grow and prosper in that business and you 2 might find out that your organization will be a much 3 stronger better organization in the long run for that 4 diversity. 5

MS. RAMOS: Thank you very much for coming and we will give you a copy of our report after it's published.

And I failed to introduce Peter Minarik, who is our researcher.

MR. PARKER: Yes. Peter and I have spoken and spent some time together, and he did a very nice job of trying to actually pull together our thoughts on this subject.

We'll proceed so we won't get too far 14 15 off schedule. Our next presenter will be Sharon Barstow, 16 U.S. Assistant District Director, U.S. Department of Labor, 17 Sharon Barstow.

MS. BARSTOW: Yes, hello, I would like to thank Grace and the whole advisory commission for asking us to come here today.

We are a representative of the U.S. 22 Department of Labor, the office of federal contract compliance programs.

24 What I would like to do today is talk a 25 little bit about what our agency does and the results of

1 businesses of how to understand cultural differences and how to make the very best of those cultural differences and 2 hopefully maybe like be a Phil Parker where maybe the light 3 bulb finally came on one day and said, you know, you're 4 5 right, it's not just about black and white, it's not just 6 about things like affirmative action. It's about if we do this well and if we 8 hire people of great diversity that stew will actually be a nourishing pot and we will actually be a better business, a better organization, because of that creativity that 10

we think we can actually take this and train other

And I think that's the direction we are going to try to head with that particular project if we're able to go out and train and teach and encourage other businesses to understand that and understand not to give up too quickly.

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diversity that we have.

Because so many times, I think I might have mentioned earlier that we have employers that generally will hire people of all types of diversity, but many times those people don't remain there very long, because they are not successful for whatever reason. How do we make sure there's an

atmosphere, that there's an environment in that institution, that business, to allow them to be more successful and not to just react too quickly, let nature take its course, let

such.

2 As I was on the way in here - and I'm 3 sorry, I need to introduce Pam Moore, Pam Moore is a 4 compliance officer within our office. She is a senior 5 compliance officer, she is a senior compliance officer, 6 she's been with the agency for about 13 years, she's 7 actually one of the staff of people that actually goes out 8 and does the work out in the field and does compliance 9 reviews on the contractors. 10 Let's talk at this time a little bit

about the laws that OFCCP enforces that would relate to the topic that we're here to discuss today. OFCCP enforces the executive orders

14 which covers minorities and women. OFCCP laws cover 26 million workers, or 22 percent of the total civilian work 16

In 1995, the government awarded the total - total government awarded more than 179 billion tax payer dollars, and when we think about awarding government contracts, I don't know if there's a whole lot of people that actually think about whose money this is, we're talking about tax payer dollars.

23 So again, in 1995, the government 24 awarded more than 179 billion tax payer dollars in prime 25 contracts. Keep in mind prime contracts themselves then

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1 normally let subcontractors. 2 OFCCP conducts more than 34 hundred 3 reviews per year on those government contractors that 4 receive those government monies. 5 If you will excuse me, I would like to 6 talk about women and minorities. Women in the U.S. labor 7 force, women represented 45 percent of the 1990 civilian labor force of 123 million people. 21 percent of the total 8 9 civilian boards were employed by government contractors. Women represented 41 percent of the 10 11 federal contractor work force. So think about what I said, 12 out of the total civilian labor force, women represented 45 13 percent out of the federal contractor part of that women 14 represent 41 percent. 15 Out of that work force women though 16 only represented 36 percent of the Officials and managers 17 and they appear to be concentrated in the teaching and 18 nursing occupations. 19 In 1995, for every dollar earned by 20 men, guess what, women earned only 76 cents. 21 MS. MITCHELL: That was in the paper 22 today, too. 23 MS. BARSTOW: Now, let's talk about the 24 African-Americans in the U.S. labor force. 25 African-Americans represented 10 percent of the 1990

1 were large government contractors. 2 Dayton, Ohio is probably very lucky 3 they have a lot of government contractors in this area, 4 there's a lot of tax money here. 5 Out of those nine large government 6 contractors, only one was found by OFCCP to have major 7 violations. 8 I would like to also talk about a 9 subject that sort of ties in with what you're looking at 10 and that's the glass ceiling. 11 I know everybody, every time that you 12 open up the newspaper or magazine you hear and you read 13 about the glass ceiling and so many people talk and they ask 14 what is the glass ceiling. 15 In 1989, the Department of Labor set 16 out to investigate the glass ceiling concept. What is the 17 glass ceiling? 18 Well, it has been defined as barriers 19 that prevent qualified - and we always talk about minority 20 and women as qualified, prevents qualified women and 21 minorities from advancing into upper management positions 22 within a company. 23 One of the tools that the OFCCP has 24 used to investigate the glass ceiling is to conduct 25 corporate management reviews. And you'll probably hear us

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2 However, when you talk about 3 African-American representation in the federal contractor 4 work force, they represent 12 percent, so minorities represent more of the total federal contractor work force 5 6 than what they do of the civilian work force. 7 However, when you're looking at 8 African-Americans and the officials and the managers they 9 only represent five percent. 10 Also in 1995, for every dollar earned 11 by non-minorities, African-Americans earned only 77 cents, 12 they earned one cent more than what women do out of that 13 dollar. 14 I would like to talk a little bit about 15 the Columbus, Ohio OFCCP office. We conduct compliance 16 reviews over most of the State of Ohio, with the exception 17 of the upper extreme northeast corner, so Dayton, Ohio is, 18 ves, in our area. 19 I look for last year of the compliance 20

civilian labor force that we just talked about.

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compliance reviews.

talk about CMR's. 1 2 A CMR covers the personnel located in 3 the corporate office, and you have several corporate 4 companies and corporate offices in the Dayton, Ohio area. 5 A CMR covers the personnel located in 6 the corporate office and other mid and upper level managers 7 located throughout the corporation, wherever they might be 8 physically located. OFCCP will review the contractors work 10 force and we will identify the glass ceiling. What does 11 this mean? It means that you need to identify the level where there is a marked decline in the representation of 12 13 minorities and women. 14 Normally minority - the glass ceiling 15 for minorities is lower than the glass ceiling for women. 16 In some of the corporate management reviews that we have 17 conducted it has been almost impossible to identify a glass 18

ceiling for minorities. We will also review the top three reporting levels to the CEO to determine if there are any minority and women in those top three reporting levels to the CEO. For an example, one of the glass

ceilings that we did, I have been - I've had the opportunity to be involved in all four of the glass ceiling

Two of those resulted in major

reviews that our office would have conducted in the Dayton

area, I found that we conducted 25 supply and service

violations, eight resulted in major violations, and 15 were

closed with no violations. Out of those 25, nine of those

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1 reviews that has been conducted by the Columbus, Ohio 2 office. 3 One of the glass ceiling reviews that 4 we conducted, the first minority that we found in the 5 company was 15 levels away from the CEO. 6 What we have found when we have 7 conducted these CMR's is that the single largest glass ceiling barriers are the failure to develop outreach and 8 9 recruitment programs, and failure to provide management 10 development and mentoring programs to their own employees. 11 Those are two of the largest barriers 12 that we have found. 13 However, we can tell you that we also 14 have had success stories. Proctor and Gamble, they won the 15 Secretary of Labor's opportunity 2000 award for its 16 outstanding effort in the retention and the advancement of 17 minority and female employees. 18 We have a book out now and it's called 19 The Cracks in the Glass Ceiling, from 1989 through to 20 current we have found cracks in the glass ceiling. 21 Let me share with you a profile of a 22 company that is trying to break the glass ceiling for 23 minorities and women. 24 The first thing, they would be No. 1, 25 they would have the commitment of the top management. No.

MS. RAMOS: Thank you. We do have a 2 member of the Commission that is from Proctor and Gamble. 3 MS. BARSTOW: I know Lynn well. 4 MS. RAMOS: I have one thing that I 5 wanted to mention and I think Melanie will remember this, I 6 had to call, you know how you have to self-identify your 7 ethnicity in order to be with contract compliance, I had a 8 call from a gentleman who was Hispanic, he wanted a project, 9 the union wouldn't send him because he was Caucasian, and he 10 was trying to tell them that he wasn't, he's a Mexican, they 11 said we want to see your birth certificate. 12 Under our race actually, Mexican or 13 Hispanic is Caucasian and so they wouldn't send him out. 14 And he kept saying, I am really, and they said well can you 15 bring your mother, not your mother or your mother's birth 16 certificate. He said, well, hers says Caucasian too. 17 So I called Melanie, Melanie was with 18 the Department of Transportation, I said could you call and 19 tell them it's okay if you're Mexican that it still counts. 20 Even recently I was in a meeting where 21 they had questions about self-identification, what they 22 wanted was this gentleman to go to a register like 23 Native-Americans, they asked me where is he registered, I 24 said, well, you have a hard time finding a registration. 25 I've never quite come across that problem before.

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1 2, they would have to have a system in place to identify 2 minority and women employees for advancement. No. 3, they 3 would develop management training and mentoring programs 4 which include succession planning. 5 No. 4, they would actively recruit 6 qualified minority and female applicants for hire into their 7 feeder groups. This is very important, if you do not get 8 the minority or the female representation into those feeder 9 groups they are never going to get up into the upper 10 management. 11 And No. 5, include all of the four that 12 I've just talked about into their management performance 13 appraisals. Make management responsible for those. 14 I have left copies outside on the table 15 about OFCCP. Some of the handouts there that I have put out 16 there talks about best compensation practices, and it also 17 talks about mend, don't end, amend, don't end affirmative 18 action. 19 And I think I would just like to close 20 with just saying briefly affirmative action is fair, it 21 works, and for government contractors it's good for their 22 business. 23 And affirmative action benefits real 24 people, it benefits tax payers, it benefits people like you, 25 myself, Pam. Thank you.

1 MS. BARSTOW: Usually when an applicant 2 or an employee that's been offered a job has completed a 3 self I.D. form is never requested, his contractor should 4 never question what is put on that form. 5 MS. RAMOS: Open for questions. 6 MR. ROGERS: I think you said there's 7 123 million people in the work force? 8 MS. BARSTOW: I believe that was in 9 1990, yes. 10 MR. ROGERS: What percentage of that 11 was women? 12 MS. BARSTOW: 45 percent of the 1990 13 civilian labor force of 123 million people, 45 percent of 14 them represented women. 15 MR. ROGERS: Okay. 16 MR. SAVREN: I thought it was 17 interesting when you pointed out some of the factors that 18 seem to create or avoid the creation of the glass ceiling in 19 the private sector, one of the things obviously motivating 20 our hearing is an apparent disparity in Montgomery County 21 between minority employment levels in the public sector and 22 the private sector. Do you see differences in terms of -23 24 I'm wondering whether you have any explanation for this

disparity and whether the same factors that were obtained in

the private sector might also apply in the government sector 1 1 MR. SAVREN: Do they have an 2 and whether you can shed any light on this disparity? 2 explanation? 3 MS. BARSTOW: I can only tell you about 3 MS. BARSTOW: Normally, no. 4 the representation of government contractors. Our agency 4 MS. MITCHELL: What's the disparity of 5 only conducts compliance reviews on contractors that have 5 greater than the statistics that you spoke of today, the 76 6 cents and 77 cents was greater than that? 6 government contracts. 7 I would believe and I think probably 7 MS. BARSTOW: Yes. MS. ORTEGA: I note when you were 8 8 maybe Peter has some of those numbers, but it appears that 9 representation of minorities and women are higher in the 9 talking about the statistics you mentioned African-American 10 work force of a contractor that has government contracts 10 and then you also talked about minority; do you have any 11 than they are out in the civilian work force. 11 statistics for Latinos, and when you use minority, are you 12 One of the reasons I believe for that 12 meaning African-American or are you meaning or including is the requirements that government contractors must do, and 13 13 other minorities? 14 MS. BARSTOW: The statistics that I 14 they must recruit qualified minorities and women for their 15 read to you today were mainly on African-Americans. But 15 work force. 16 MR. SAVREN: You also mentioned that of 16 when I use the term "minority", I am talking about all of the compliance reviews that you did in the Dayton area that 17 17 the ethnic groups. 18 only one of the nine major corporations that you monitored 18 MS. ORTEGA: Do you have comparable 19 was found to have major violations; what was the nature of 19 statistics? 20 those violations? 20 MS. BARSTOW: No, I don't, I'm sorry. 21 MS. BARSTOW: Are you asking what was 21 I could probably get them for you. 22 MS. ORTEGA: Provide them for us? 22 the nature of the minor violations or the major? 23 MR. SAVREN: The one major. 23 MS. BARSTOW: Yes. 24 MS. BARSTOW: The one major violation 24 MR. PEREZ: I had a follow-up question 25 was the finding of a compensation discrimination for on the major violations. What type of penalties or

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minorities and women. 1 MR. SAVREN: Meaning that the people 2 3 doing comparable jobs were being paid differently. 4 MS. BARSTOW: Meaning that we did an analysis of the compensation system and what that means is 5 6 they had a structured system within salary grades. 7 We did a median and a mean of the minorities compared to the non-minorities and of the women 8 9 compared to the men, within those salary grades, factoring 10 in the important factors that the company gave us, these are 11 just samples, okay. 12 For instance, let's say that a company 13 said within a salary grade the most important factor is 14 length of time that the employee has spent in that salary 15 grade, the second most important factor might have been what 16 their performance ratings was for the last year; the third 17 important factor might have been how long they've been with 18 the company. 19 So we did that by minority and 20 non-minority and male and women within the company's own 21 salary grades. 22 We used a company's own salary 23 structure, we factor in those factors and then we say to the 24 company then explain to us why minorities are being paid 25 less throughout the company and so are women.

consequences did these employers with major violations have? 1 2 MS. BARSTOW: If we're talking about 3 discrimination, if it's in pay the remedy would have to be 4 that they would have to bring those minority or women 5 effective class members up to where they should be in the 6 pay range to their comparable male - white male, or 7 non-minority counterparts, and then they would have to be 8 paid back pay for the length of time that they were below 9 that. 10 If we're - on the other hand, if we're 11 talking about hiring, if we would cite a company for 12 discrimination in hiring, they would have to re-enter those 13 applicants in the -- at the step of the selection process 14 that they stopped, and if they've successfully completed the 15 contractor selection process they would be made a job offer 16 along with other remedies, for instance back pay. 17 MR. PEREZ: Are these a type of actual 18 penalties suffered in these two occasions? 19 MS. BARSTOW: Yes. 20 MR. PEREZ: Did any of them get 21 deserted or lose a contract? 22 MS. BARSTOW: No. That process is when 23 a contractor, a government contractor refuses to remedy. 24 MS. MITCHELL: Just a point of

clarification, did he hear you say your study found there

1 was no glass ceiling for minorities? 2 MS, BARSTOW: I said for the ones we've 3 done in our office most of the time it's very difficult to 4 identify a glass ceiling. 5 What that means is that they are too 6 far down below the officials and managers, the 7 professionals, they are usually done in the clerical levels. MS. RAMOS: Any more questions? I want 8 9 to thank you. 10 MS. BARSTOW: Thank you. 11 MS. RAMOS: Very interesting, you had 12 some interesting figures, we all wanted to know who the one 13 contractor was, we're all sitting here playing a guessing 14 game. 15 MS. MOORE: We're unable to name them. 16 MS. MITCHELL: It's not public 17 information? 18 MS. BARSTOW: Feel free to pick up the 19 information that is out on the table. 20 MS. RAMOS: We thank you for these 21 recommendations. I think this is one of the reasons we are 22 doing this is to try and find programs that are working or 23 ideas that would work for people such as Mr. Parker that 24 said they want to develop a program on how to do it. 25 You gave us many specific steps on what

1 Air Force base, and we welcome you. 2 MR. O'HARA: Thank you. As Ms. Ramos 3 mentioned my name is Michael O'Hara, and I've been the 4 Director of Civilian Personnel at Wright Patterson since 5 December of 1993. 6 I am neither from Ohio, nor am I from 7 Dayton. I'm not sure where I'm from frankly, I'm actually a 8 native of Detroit, Michigan, and I attended parochial school 9 there for a number of years. I was very fortunate to be 10 raised in that part of Detroit that was racially diverse and 11 I feel like I brought more from there than I left. Very 12 grateful for that. 13 I've also been vulnerable throughout my 14 career, so what I tell you today is not strictly from the 15 standpoint of Wright Patterson or the State of Ohio, or 16 indeed the United States. 17 I have been a personnel officer since 18 1980, I've been a personnel officer in Tampa, Florida; I've 19 been a personnel officer in Newark, Ohio; I've been a 20 personnel officer in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which at the 21 time was the largest industrial complex in the U.S. 22 Department of Defense; the Oklahoma City Air Logistics 23 Center, and of course as I mentioned I've been here since 24 December of 1993, and also spent nearly five years in 25 Germany both as a personnel officer and labor negotiator

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1 it takes to ensure this. 2 MS. BARSTOW: You haven't asked, but I 3 would like to talk about the representation that is in the Columbus office, Columbus OFCCP office. 4 5 We are one of the offices that sort of 6 grow our own there. Joyce Morgan, who was the director, 7 recently was promoted to the regional office and she is now 8 the deputy regional director. She started with OFCCP many, 9 many years ago as a GS4. 10 Myself, I started many years ago with 11 OFCCP as a GS4. I have three compliance officers, black 12 women that started in the clerical ranks and are now senior 13 compliance officers. So we do, in fact, practice what we 14 preach. 15 MS. ORTEGA: Do you have Latinos there 16 also? 17 MS. BARSTOW: Yes, yes, yes, we do. We 18 had - unfortunately, we had an agent, but he got homesick, 19 he came there right out of college and he got homesick and 20 he moved back home. We have a disabled special veteran, so 21 we have a very, very, diverse office. MS. RAMOS: Well, good. Well, thank 22 23 vou very much. 24 MS. RAMOS: Our next speaker is Mike 25 O'Hara, he's Chief of Civilian personnel at Wright Patterson

2 employment for local national employees being utilized by 3 the U.S. forces. I'm happy to be here today, I am 5 familiar with you, Ms. Ramos, I've talked with her very 6 frequently, and in terms of the remarks that I have, perhaps 7 the most useful approach would be for me to talk about what 8 I consider to be a fairly standard evolutionary scheme or 9 time line for the development and implementation of 10 effective affirmative employment programs. 11 You see it's simply not an issue that's 12 dealt with in a month or a year, with a single silver 13 bullet, it is a work in progress, and from my standpoint it 14 has been a work in progress that I've witnessed since the 15 early 1970's at the point in time I came to work for the 16 United States Air Force. 17 Generally speaking, and I think it's 18 applicable to both the private and public sector, the first 19 iteration of public employment is al result of fear. It's a 20 result of fear of EEO complaints and/or litigation. And 21 that fear generally emanates from the top, from the CEO or

the commander, whatever the case may be.

together a group of top level managers to come up with a

plan to protect the company from the lions at the gate.

And the reaction generally is to bring

with foreign governments on wages and conditions of

Generally speaking, at that point in 2 the development of affirmative action there is symbolic hiring, primarily symbolic hiring of African-American 3 4 candidates. 5 Not in large numbers, and not into key 6 positions, but some hiring to at least make a showing or 7 establish an argument that the company or the entity is in 8 support of affirmative action and has evidence to prove it. 9 Generally speaking, the second step 10 when the immediate crises is over is to hire an affirmative 11 action officer, generally an individual who is known in the 12 community, and who reflects the largest constituents group 13 in terms of the minority population in the community, 14 someone who may have been a Reverend or preacher or may have 15 worked in the school board system, and that individual is 16 vested as the authority and the individual's response to 17 keep the lions away from the gate. 18 He or she is generally very adept at 19 public relations, is generally very adept at public 20 speaking, and is generally very adept at balancing the 21 pressures they are receiving from management versus the 22 community. 23 But unfortunately there is little 24 investment at that point in time in terms of support staff

or the management systems necessary, in my opinion, to allow

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1 officer to the actual boardroom, and cascading that down to 2 senior management and supervisors for responsibility relative to affirmative action progress, and what I'm 3 4 talking about is what the gentle ladies from the Department 5 of Labor mentioned specifically, and I totally endorse it, 6 that is the establishment of objective standards and 7 performance plans that focus on a need to provide tangible 8 evidence of support in support of affirmative action. 9 At the same time there must be a 10 physical commitment to affirmative action. Affirmative 11 action like marketing, like engineering, like transportation 12 and logistics should be part of the business plan, because 13 it is good business. It's good business for a variety of 14 reasons, two of which I'll touch on. 15 No. 1, the gentle person from the 16 Chamber of Commerce commented on the unemployment rate in 17 Montgomery County of being at or below four percent, 18 dependent upon which area you go to and count, and as a 19 matter of fact is the largest constituent group in terms of 20 growth in the labor force, are those people whom we used to 21 call protective group members. 22 It makes good business sense, it will 23 make better business sense in the new millenium to have 24 better developed and prepared minorities in our work force,

prepared is the operative phrase.

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1 for affirmative action to succeed. 2 Following that iteration there is 3 generally a requirement to develop a document, almost always 4 called an affirmative action plan. 5 It's been my experience that the more 6 lengthy the document the more dust that it develops and 7 8 That process of evolution may last 9 anywhere from 3 to 10 years, again dependent upon the 10 pressure from the community, the pressure from the employees 11 who were hired to seed the ground for the affirmative action 12 program, but eventually that iteration must too pass and 13 there must be a follow on step. 14 The follow on step is basically to call 15 all of the chief managers into one room and to chew them 16 out, for lack of a better phrase, and to challenge them to 17 get this program moving. 18 At that point, more often than not the HR Director becomes the action officer. And he or she 19 20 sub-assumes the affirmative employment expert under his or 21 22 Progress is made at that stage if the 23 HR Chief and if his or her staff has an emotional commitment 24 to affirmative action. But until there is movement away 25 from the HR Department and away from the affirmative action

1 But it does cost money. And generally 2 when management is about to become very serious about 3 affirmative action they do invest money in it. And when I 4 say they invest money in it, they dedicate funding to the HR 5 Department to do what I call targeted recruiting to develop 6 representative applicant pools, that is key. 7 We at Wright Patterson, when we were 8 recruiting, God knows I hope the day comes before I retire that we recruit again, devoted a considerable amount of 10 money to sending teams, not just of our HR staff, but also 11 of our senior managers all the way up to general officer 12 equivalents, to historically minority universities. 13 We used Florida A&M extensively, we 14 used Southern University extensively, we used Tennessee Tech 15 extensively, to recruit engineering candidates. 16 We even - I wasn't here, I missed the 17 trip, sent contingents on a regular basis to the University 18 of Puerto Rico. That cost money, it cost time, it cost 19 commitment. 20 And again I agree with the person from 21 the Department of Labor that commitment must yield fruit at 22 the entry level in fairly large numbers, because you will 23 lose some. 24 Now, at the same time, as an

affirmative employment program further matures, there must

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1 continue to be, in my opinion, senior management oversight, 2 regular review of the data.

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What data? Data that reflects not only the presence of minority candidates and employees in your work force, the presence and recruiting pools, but also in the way they are being managed, their rates of discipline, versus the majority, their opportunities for training, versus the majority, organizational trends relative to EEO complaints, are there specific issues that appear to be or might be endemic to a specific organization, appraisals, which in our system are key, absolutely key to promotion and retention and downsizing.

Those data points must be reviewed on a regular basis by senior management and corrective action must be taken if the trends are adverse.

The next step in what I call a matured affirmative employment program focuses on training and community outreach. There are definitive cultural differences between whites and African-Americans and Hispanics, and Native-Americans, definitive cultural differences. I argue more similarities than differences, but there are differences.

And every manager and every supervisor and indeed every employee should have at least a snap shot of those differences to appreciate where people are coming

1 department which reports to me, are available, they are out 2 there even in a labor market with a four percent or less 3 unemployment rate.

Currently we have about 150 people in HR, approximately 78 percent are female, I'm a minority in our HR department, and around 25 to 27 percent are minorities within or without the context of that female percentage.

These are individuals who are committed first to the mission of the Air Force, second to the prosperity of Wright Patterson, and third to affirmative

Now, let me close my comments by this statement, I have seen affirmative action perhaps, which I would call quota driven programs, they have not been as effective or as well accepted by either members of protected groups or by the majority, as-is a program which talks the talk and walks the walk, and find ways to identify highly qualified candidates of all races and both genders that is reflected of the community it operates in.

One last point, community outreach, we have a variety of community outreach committees, one of which Grace Ramos is on and we openly share our victories, our defeats, our sanctity and our sense with that committee, relative to data rates of discipline, rates of promotions,

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from when they feel as though they have been aggrieved, when

2 they feel as though they haven't been treated fairly, when

they feel as though they have been slighted by a comment, by

a gesture, that type of training is absolutely necessary to

5 bring an affirmative employment program from the teenage

6 years to adulthood. Absolutely necessary.

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At Wright Patterson we are not perfect, we know that we have challenges, we are not ashamed of what we've done in the past. We have a solid representation in terms of representation in our work force, both of African-Americans and of individuals of Hispanic origin, we track that data regularly.

We have a solid representation, the key reason as of our core business and that is the professional and the administrative career areas.

But at the same time we have pockets of resistance, and I guess I would say I'm proud to tell you I know where they are. And in many cases I know who they

are. There is one last thing that I think is extremely important, if you as a manager or CEO want to have a credible affirmative employment program and that is your HR Department, I think it is absolutely imperative that it reflect the demographics of the community that you live in. The type people that we need in our HR Department, that

appraisals, et cetera, and we share that with them in hopes that they will carry the message back to the community that we are neither saints, nor are we sinners, but we're trying.

And also to ensure that the word is out in the community, which is based on fact as opposed to rumor. And finally that they are able to bring issues that they have been contacted over concerns from the community to

That's been my experience with affirmative action. I've been at each of those stages. On the 31st of July I'm under five years to retirement, I hope that we can improve on what we've done, I will try, I will give it my best effort, I won't quit until my last day and I'm sure we can make improvements, but this is my view of where some of you are, some of you have been and hopefully where some of you are headed in the area of affirmative employment,

MS. RAMOS: Would you like to explain to them that community outreach, how you analyze your work as your reductions, because Wright Patterson has been hit with a tremendous amount of reduction and one of the concerns of the community and people is that minorities might be adversely affected, if you would like to explain a little bit about that.

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1 MR. O'HARA: Sure. That's a good 2 point. One of the issues brought to us by the community as 3 a result of downsizing, and as a consequence we have done 4 some data analysis in that regard, but we focused our 5 attention on the analysis of management decisions on 6 minority versus protected groups and majority as the -- as a 7 result of their community outreach groups. 8 Plus we found some areas of disparity 9 and we made immediate course corrections, and the objection 10 basically was that even though we reduced our work force by 11 41 hundred employees over the last four and a half years, we 12 have managed to maintain basically the same percentage of 13 minorities as a majority in our work force, even though we 14 downsized. 15 And some of the questions asked by that 16 community outreach group challenged us to go back and look 17 at some decisions that had been made and we made some mid 18 course changes and we reported that final analysis to the 19 outreach committee. 20 MS. RAMOS: Any questions?

percentage wise as to high grade women in the overall work

high grades I define as GS-13 and above. I did not bring

MR. ROGERS: Do you have any data

MR. O'HARA: I will tell you this and

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force?

minority employees registering not only in terms of their
 credentials, their pedigree in terms of their education, but
 their performance recognition and their performance ratings,
 particularly at the high grade levels equal or exceeded that
 of their comparable white counterparts.

We could not run Wright Patterson without the contributions of our minority scientists and engineers, that is part of our core mission, which is the success of aircraft and new technologies for the 21st century.

Those candidates are out there, they are there, but again the comments from the representative from the Department of Labor are very, very important, and that is you must develop your candidate pool at the entry level and you must hire more individuals, arguably you're going to need in the end, because you will lose some, and virtually every single one of our senior minority leaders came to work for the Department of Defense at grades GS-9 or below.

We do employ a number of professors from various universities on which is called an IPA agreement, but as far as organic work force is concerned we promote from within, and the success we've had may be predicated on the physical and moral commitment to the development of representative applicant pools at the entry

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1 the data as it relates to high grade females with me today, 2 but I can tell you that the greatest group or the group with 3 the largest percent representation is white females. 4 We do very well, we've done very well 5 in the area of African-American male and female, and in the 6 Hispanic area, have a small number of American Indians, and 7 but we do have a challenge in that area. 8 We have increased our number of female 9 high grades over the last four and a half years, the good 10 news is our demographics reflect an aging work force 11 primarily involving people like me. 12 And over the last four and a half years 13 a number of white males have left the work force, be it 14 incentives and retirement and the share of promotions to the 15 female constituency has been greater than their 16 representation over the last four and a half years. 17 But when you compare it to what our 18 target is we're not there yet, I'm being frank with you. 19 MR. ROGERS: When you compare 20 scientific high grades with female and minority and 21 non-minorities is the education level the same? 22 MR. O'HARA: Absolutely, absolutely. 23 There are no prisoners when it comes to a substitute for 24 education, and you can take no prisoners. 25 Our minority candidates are sterling, our

1 level in hiring those folks. 2 MS. RAMOS: Mary, you have a question? 3 MS. JURKIEWICZ: You had indicated 4 that a mature affirmative action plan within a company, they 5 also vest a certain amount of money? 6 MR. O'HARA: Yes. MS. JURKIEWICZ: What is the 7 8 percentage of money do they usually have? 9 MR. O'HARA: I can't give you a 10 percentage, but I can tell you that when we were engaged in 11 minority recruiting we had a budget of about \$50,000 a year 12 minimum to send recruitment teams throughout the country 13 seeking the kind of people that we were looking for, 14 primarily scientific engineering and business types. 15 We also maintain a staff in support of 16 the affirmative action program, either full-time or 17 part-time, which would equate to about 20 PE's, that's 18 personnel equivalent. 19 Keep in mind we're dealing with a work 20 force of about 18,000 at that time. So it was - it is a 21 considerable investment particularly - particularly 22 important when a company is on the incline, as opposed to 23 the decline now, or the best of times. 24 Chairman Greenspan testified yesterday

that in his 50 years of experience on Wall Street and in the

1 financial world he had never seen an economy like this. 2 I will be 50 on the 30th of July, I 3 have a very good memory, I remember watching the 1952 4 convention that nominated Adelai Stevenson and I follow 5 economics and politics very closely and by George I have 6 never seen anything like this. Now, is the time to front 7 load minority employees into your work force. 8 Now is the time, the chemistry is 9 right, the candidates are there if you ferret them out and 10 find them, and the business base is strong. Now is the 11 time, this is an unusual window of opportunity. 12 MS. RAMOS: You say you're not 13 recruiting, or you're doing very little recruiting at Wright 14 Pat, I know when they started the recruitment of Hispanics 15 in Puerto Rico, one of the things I thought was a good idea, 16 maybe you can speak to that you, not only did you send a 17 team, but I believe you sent people that were actually 18 working in that field and you have retirant authority, I 19 believe. 20 MR. O'HARA: We did. I think it's very 21 important that the personnel department not be the sum 22 representative of management. 23 I don't know how the avionics system on 24 an F-227 operates. I don't know how a C-117's rear door 25 that allows for cargo being dropped operates and so on, I

1 or fifth is that old money issue, it's not at the top of 2 their list. 3 So this group of young people has 4 changed a great deal and they are more flexible, they don't 5 want employment for life necessarily, they want to pick and 6 choose and move about to different assignments. 7 MR. ESPRIT: You mentioned symbolic 8 hiring, to your knowledge, has anything been done about 9 that? I mean I imagine that was for Wright Pat, but. 10 MR. O'HARA: I can only answer that 11 question based on where I was when it happened. And I'm 12 sure it still goes on today in some quarters, but precisely 13 where I can't say. 14 This was back in the mid 70's at the 15 time I was assigned to Beglen Air Force Base in Florida and 16 they engaged in symbolic hiring, that simply does not do it, 17 preventive or damage control, affirmative employment is not 18 effective, it has to be systematic, it has to be long term 19 and has to be a capital and personal investment with it, and 20 with that it can work, it will work and you will have a 21 stronger business base, you will have a more local work 22 force, you will have a work force on both sides minority and 23 majority that view you as a fairer American, and I think 24 it's very, very, important. 25 And last but not least. I believe there

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don't know the fuel hydraulics and how that's engineered, these kids are turned on by that.

We're dealing with a new generation,

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not openly in terms of age, but their views and what's important to them, so we invested the money to send two or three engineering or scientists with our recruiter to the University of Puerto Rico, to the university I mentioned, to

be able to sell Wright Patterson and explain the mission that these young people might be accorded.

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Years ago when I was recruited my first priority was money. My second priority was money. And my third priority was money.

And career opportunity, advancement, opportunity to travel overseas, for instance, the young people that we have recruited in small numbers, lately their main focus is what am I going to be doing? What can you offer me in terms of cutting edge technology, where I can apply the skills and knowledges that I have gained over four or five years of college? What can you offer me in terms of a job assignment?

21 I don't want to be on bench doing 22 Cad-Cam design, I want to be in the guts of this thing,

that's the first priority.

24 The second priority is how much leave 25 do I get? They are interested in leisure time. And fourth

are definite social implications in not engaging in strong affirmative employment programs, which undermines the foundation of this country.

4 MS. PRESLEY: My question is around 5 the downsizing, are you downsizing as far as contractors or 6 citizens?

7 MR. O'HARA: In answer to your 8 question we are downsizing primarily as it relates to 9 federal employees. The contractor work force at Wright 10 Patterson has been fairly stable over the last four and a 11 half years, and I have to anticipate that the contracting 12 work force will at least remain stable and perhaps grow a 13 little as we engage in studies on outsourcing and 14 privitization.

15 There are a number of studies that are 16 currently planned between now and the year 03, which will 17 allow corporations to compete for non core workload at 18 Wright Patterson Air Force Base. So I think the contract 19 work force will remain stable or grow a little.

MS. RAMOS: Do we have any other questions? If not we would like to thank you, and thank you for participating in our affirmative action paper we put together that's kept out there for anybody that would like them, that is the last study we did, a few members are new and weren't involved in that.

1 MR. O'HARA: Thanks again. 1 department distributing job announcements for more than 2 MS. RAMOS: We're going to take a 2 seven locations in Dayton and every elected official and 3 short break. We'll make it five minutes instead of longer 3 department within the county structure. 4 4 so we can reconvene. That count, that total used to be as 5 (Brief recess taken.) 5 many as 2700 locations that we posted our job positions. 6 MS. RAMOS: We would like to welcome 6 Positions are available at any given time in the county, 7 our next speaker, Leon Walker, Personnel Director of 7 including management positions such as operations manager, 8 Montgomery County. Welcome. 8 architects, income maintenance administrators, service 9 MR. WALKER: Thank you, good morning, 9 center director, risk managers, animal shelter directors, 10 it's a pleasure to be present this morning to share with you 10 water superintendents, property managers, directors of 11 a few comments about Montgomery County's employment 11 nursing, benefits managers, human service directors, 12 12 opportunities. environmental lab managers, and engineers on several levels. 13 By the time I conclude I would have 13 Professional positions include 14 earned my 77 cents, and move on. I think I'll begin by 14 accountancy at several levels, camp director, customer 15 15 qualifying the name Montgomery County. relations and information manager, environmental lab 16 As personnel director I represent the 16 chemists, infection control coordinators, housing 17 Board of County Commissioners only. I do, however, 17 development planners, human resource consultant, budget 18 provide assistance to other elected officials upon request, 18 analysts, employee benefits specialists, management 19 19 I think there's a bit of specificity necessary, because analysts, nurse supervisors, social worker, registered 20 there are a number of elected officials, judges and agencies 20 nurse, and safety workers. 21 21 bearing the name Montgomery County, but are actually And you must remember that these are 22 22 just a few of the 200 position titles that we have in autonomous of the county commissioners and I do that because 23 23 I get blamed quite a lot for things I have no idea about. Montgomery County. 24 The Board of County Commissioners 24 As I stated earlier the county

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employs some 14 hundred citizens, 60 percent of the work

1 Sanitary Engineering, Department of Public Works, 2 Department of Administrative Services of the office of 3 Management and Budget, the Stillwater Center and the 4 Community and Economic Development Department. 5 Within this structure there are a 6 number of programs employing some 14 hundred employees and 7 providing career opportunities under more than 200 titled 8 positions ranging from laborer to county administrator. Wages are very compatible with market 10 standards. Educational requirements for these various 11 positions range from high school diploma to graduate 12 degrees, and there's a number of employees in the county who 13 have post graduate credentials. 14 In the late 1970's the county 15 commissioners directed staff to analyze all Board of 16 Commission jobs to accurately ascertain skill and 17 educational requirements to perform the position, or 18 functions of each position. 19 Further establish directed to remove 20 any and all unnecessary qualifications and artificial 21 barriers and to develop and implement monitoring mechanisms 22 throughout the hiring process to ensure that every single 23 applicant received fair and equitable consideration for 24 employment.

operates seven departments, Department of Human Services,

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1 force is female, 40 percent is male. 2 38 percent of this work force is 3 minority, and of that 38 percent, 71 percent are female and 4 29 percent are minority males. 5 As a percent of the total employee 6 population, minority females represent 27 percent, and males 7 11 percent. 8 Over the last five years females and 9 minorities have occupied positions such as county 10 commissioner, director of management and budget assistant, 11 county administrator, director of community human service, 12 social security and presently county administrator. 13 Opportunities in Montgomery County are 14 augmented by organizational development and training programs and tuition reimbursement program for use by 15 16 employees wishing to prepare for promotional advancement. 17 The educational opportunities in the 18 county are very important, we contend all employees, but 19 particularly minority and females, education is the vehicle 20 to move us into more responsible and rewarding positions. 21 All employees have the opportunity to 22 develop themselves in traditional, as well as 23 non-traditional positions, and we are pleased that our job 24 placement reflects that diversity. 25 We are not imperfect in our attempt to

This process begins by the personnel

1	remove all barriers, attitudes and sometimes, unkind acts,	1	MR. WALKER: The Stillwater Center is a
2	but employees who feel the need may address their concerns	2	hospital setting for severely handicapped individuals. And
3	through a grievance procedure, an EEO grievance procedure or	3	it included in that title the county home which sometimes
4	file charges with external resources, these avenues are	4	had indigent homeless types, but has sort of progressed a
5	stressed to all employees.	5	little bit beyond that novv.
6	However we've had more success sitting	6	MS. JURKIEWICZ: Does the
7	with parties who feel damaged and trying to negotiate or	7	transportation system go under you too?
8	mediate the problems and work them out, and we have had much	8	MR. WALKER: No.
9	success and prevented any number of formal complaints by	9	MS. JURKIEWICZ: Okay.
10	that process.	10	MR. WALKER: When you say
11	Board of County Commissioner employees	11	transportation system, would you please explain.
12	receive first consideration for all promotional	12	MS. JURKIEWICZ: The public
13	opportunities. Qualifications are competitive, the	13	transportation system.
14	employee may be promoted, appointed or proceed through the	14	MR. WALKER: No.
15	selection process.	15	MS. MITCHELL: Two quick questions.
16	This process may include practical	16	Does Montgomery County Commissioners make up the larger part
17	skill testing, assessment exercises or an assessment center.	17	of the county government employment?
18	If no satisfactory internal candidate is found the position	18	MR. WALKER: No. There are
19	is then opened to the public.	19	approximately 4,000 county employees, only 14 hundred of
20	Recently we noticed that our public	20	them are the responsibility of the Board of County
21	postings does not create the excitement as in the past and	21	Commissioners.
22	due to new technologies and entreprenurial opportunities	22	MS. MTCHELL: That's what I'm saying,
23	potential employees have a wide variety of employment	23	are they the single largest or is there another county
24	choices, and we find ourselves in an intensely competitive	24	office larger?
25	recruitment situation competing with other public employers	25	MR. WALKER: No. They are the single
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and the private sector.

Montgomery County continues to look for opportunities to become more efficient and provide all employees the chance to advance and diversity is certainly in the thick of that effort. If anyone desires more information

about Montgomery County or employment opportunities, feel free to contact the Personnel Department on the 7th floor of the County Administration Building, 451 West Third Street.

10 If there are any questions I'll address them now.

MS. RAMOS: I have two questions. When 11 12

you work for the County do you have to live in Montgomery

County? 13

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MR. WALKER: No, you do not, there are

15 no residential requirements.

> MS. RAMOS: Secondly, we find as you get into the county/city level sometimes you have

18 classified, some political type positions, does that impact

19 very much on the county personnel?

20 MR. WALKER: No, it does not, not with 21 the Board of County Commissioners. You have to understand

22 there are a number of elected offices, I cannot address 23 what they do for the Board of County Commissioners, no.

MS. JURKIEWICZ: What is the Stillwater

25 Center? largest, yes.

MS. MITCHELL: They are the single

3 largest.

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MR. WALKER: Yes.

5 MS. MITCHELL: And then I didn't hear

6 what your statistics look like in your officials and managers category from the areas under the county 7 8

commissioners?

MR. WALKER: Officials and administrators would have minorities eight percent, minority

males eight percent, females are eight percent for a total of 16. Professionals we have a total of 33 percent.

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MS. MITCHELL: What challenges are you

14 finding in increasing your numbers, the eight percent 15

number?

16 MR. WALKER: We are having from a

personal standpoint difficulty acquiring and retaining 17

18 minority males, we have always been low. 19

And when successful recruiting minority 20 males it seems that other opportunities have taken them 21 rather quickly. I've had that difficulty in the human resources department.

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23 I don't know exactly how to address it, 24 I was talking to one of your commissioners earlier,

expressing my wish that this body or some body would try to

1	bring the public school system and business together to		1	about the City of Dayton's organization. I'll give you a
2	address the educational situation.		2	little feel for the demographics on the jobs we have within
3	I think the educational situation we		3	the City of Dayton, review specifically some statistics in
4	are currently experiencing will only worsen the shortage of	ł	4	three categories, service and maintenance, administrative
5	minority males in the future, while things are going quite	1	5	support and progressive service.
6	well economically I think there will be a dire impact soon		6	I'd like talk a little bit about how to
7	if we don't do something educationally.		7	apply for positions with the City of Dayton, what our system
8	MS. MITCHELL: Do you have a		8	and structure is like, review a couple of employment
9	commission on African-American males here?		9	opportunities that we currently have, speak to the
10	MR. WALKER: No, I do not.		10	internship programs that we've been involved in, and as time
11	MR. SAVREN: You mentioned losing		11	would permit have a few words about our shift to the high
12	African-American males to other employers, are these in the		12	performance organization, which we're calling the Dayton
13	public sector or private sector?		13	Performance Initiative.
14	MR. WALKER: Private sector.		14	Those affiliated with the social
15	MR. SAVREN: It's interesting because	1	15	sector may be familiar, it's based on the University of
16	one of our concerns was an apparent disparity between the		16	Virginia high performance module, talk to you about charter
17	representation of minorities in the public sector and		17	change and summarize with the taking of any questions that
18	private sector in Montgomery County, which seems to show in		18	you may have about the city organization.
19	general, at least the options that the government it seems		19	We would - I would like to begin by
20	to be a more conducive place for minority employment in the		20	talking to you about the organization and we run
21	private sector, but you're essentially saying it relates to		21	everything, a lot of businesses from airports to water
22	your departments and the African-American males that you		22	departments, and lots in between.
23	employ it's the reverse.		23	We have the standard array of
24	MR. WALKER: Well, I think I mentioned		24	government services, such as police and fire, street
25	the competition we're experiencing and as we provide		25	maintenance, waste collection, we have a convention center
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opportunity for minority males and they gain experience and knowledge, they become a ready market for the private sector.

MS. RAMOS: Any other questions? If not, thank you for joining us this morning and that was very

interesting.

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7 MR. WALKER: Thank you. 8

MS. RAMOS: Our next witness is Tom

9 Payne with the City of Dayton's Director of Human

10 Resources. Welcome.

11 MR. PAYNE: Thank you very much. I 12

would like to welcome those who are not from Dayton to

Dayton, Ohio and first of all at the start the weather is

under the control of Montgomery County, not the city.

15 MS. RAMOS: I heard it was kind of bad

16 out there

MR. PAYNE: Yes.

18 MS. RAMOS: Mayor Turner was here this

morning, he said it was one of the most livable or loveable?

20 MR. PAYNE: We received some good news

21 from Money Magazine yesterday when they announced Dayton was

22 the seventh ranked city, I announced we were happy to see

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24 I am happy to be here this morning, 25 what I would like to do is spend some time talking to you

right across the street from us today.

2 And economic development and then is 3 the staff of support, the function such as human resources,

4 law and finance.

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5 I'd like to point out that the 16 6 departments that we've indicated on the chart there are 7 those that report to the city manager, and the city manager 8 is important because we have a city manager form of 9 government.

10 And ours is considered to be a strong 11 manager system of government. The city manager form is

unusual in Dayton in that we split employment functions 12 13

between human resources reporting to the city manager and 14 the civil service board, which reports directly to the city

15 commissioner and those folks are appointed by the City

16 Commission and the Board members can be appointed or removed 17 by the City Commission.

18 That's important because you need to 19 keep in mind that in our entire employment structure, about 20 90 percent of the employment and hiring is done by civil 21 service, we in human resources handle about 10 percent of 22 the employment.

23 I will be talking to you about charter 24 change initiatives that we are proposing and will be working 25 on later this year. We have currently just under 28

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hundred regular employees in the City of Dayton, most of resources posts those positions for a period of up to 30 those employees work in the service and maintenance areas, 2 days. and in the skilled crafts area. 3 Applications and resumes are accepted 953 of those 415 are administrative 4 while positions are posted some of the current jobs that we support, 85 officials and administrators, 464 professional 5 have available right now would include environmental and technicians, and in our protective service working 6 scientists in the water department, with a salary range that category we have 871 employees. 7 goes from 37,8 to \$49,000, and that will continue to be As far as the breakdown for EEO 8 posted through a period of July 6th. 9 We also have a position in the law purposes within the service and maintenance skill category currently we have 46 percent minority employees, and 12 10 department, which is an unclassified position and director percent female and within the administrative support area, 11 level, and that position requires a person to be a member of 40 percent minority and 91 percent female. 12 the Ohio Bar Association, and we're currently recruiting for In the officials and administrators 13 that one, expect to fill that position sometime within the category 32 percent are minority and 24 percent female. We 14 - in the next two month period, hopefully. have had a plan that we have been working on for a number of 15 We have used an outside consultant on years and we continue to look at those numbers and seek to 16 that law director position and have retained the services of 17 diversify the entire work force. Joshua Kim in Cleveland, Ohio, and have asked for applicants 18 As I will be mentioning later, our to apply through Mr. Murray of Joshua Kim, Incorporated. biggest challenge appears to be in the police and fire 19 How does one apply for positions with 20 departments. the City of Dayton? There are a number of ways, we have a Within the professional and technical 21 job line you can call in, 223-4216, to learn about current category we have 464 employees, 42 percent are minority, 32 22 job positions within the City. Or you can send your resume 23 percent are female. And in protective services 871, 11 or complete an application at the civil service office, percent being minority and 8 percent female. 24 which is located at 120 West Second Street, Suite 710 in

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Department, for example, is 11 percent minority and 13 percent female.

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That's important because we have considered that to be both in the police department and fire department our biggest challenge, and with that in mind we have established a relationship with Coleman and Associates from Dallas, Texas.

Our situation within the Dayton Police

And Mr. Coleman, who has prior experience in the testing phase for uniformed police and fire positions within the City of Dayton will be making recommendations, and those will be made and announced at a future City Commission meeting, which will be coming up within the next month or so.

What those recommendations will do will be to outline a program for improved recruitment effort and

16 financial support for minority recruiting and

diversification within both the police and fire departments.

18 How does one get a job at the City of
19 Dayton? Well as I mentioned most of the positions come

Dayton? Well, as I mentioned most of the positions come
 through the civil service office, they are responsible for

21 testing what we refer to in the city charter as the

22 classified competitive service part of the civil service,

and those positions are posted for a period of seven weeks,

24 I should say for a two week period on a seven week cycle.

25 The classified non-competitive positions for which human

I would like to now turn my attention to some scholarship situations we have had at the City of Dayton.

Currently we operate an activity based internship program within our Department of Water. The purpose is to enhance employment and career development of African-American students.

The Department of Water began the program just recently, and they are looking for students that can be filled by individuals who are centered in intern positions who live within the City of Dayton.

The question was asked earlier about residency, we do at the City of Dayton have a residency requirement, I mean all employees must be residents at the time of appointment with the city.

We're looking for background in the area of environmental studies, engineering, water or waste water processes or technical areas such as surveying or computer science.

Individuals can apply for those positions by contacting the water department, and they are located at 320 West Monument Avenue, Dayton, Ohio 40502, 937-443-3728.

We have also had for six years a
 McIntosh Scholar Program in cooperation with the Dayton

1 Board of Education and the University of Dayton, and that is 1 That doesn't mean that we feel as 2 a four year scholarship that is granted to an 2 though we are satisfied, we have a lot of work to do, African-American individual to pursue their course of 3 3 especially in the public service area. 4 studies at the University of Dayton. 4 I would also echo the comments that Mr. 5 At this point I would -- if time would 5 Walker had before me, the predictions made in the Hudson 6 permit, I can go into the high performance organization and 6 Institute Work Place 2,000 statement that we would be in 7 the changes that are being made there and perhaps discuss a 7 competition for people has come true, that we find ourselves 8 little bit of the charter changes that are being pursued, 8 very much in competition for folks who are - who have the 9 but that will be at your pleasure. 9 skills that's we feel that we need, and I might also mention 10 MS. RAMOS: Proceed. 10 as we move into the next century, the dynamics of the work 11 MR. PAYNE: The City of Dayton is 11 place and the skill needs are changing probably quicker in 12 basically seeking to change to a higher performing type of 12 the work place than educational institutions can keep pace 13 organization based upon the need to improve performance and 13 with, and that's a constant challenge for employers. 14 14 the need to be customer driven. With that I will entertain questions. 15 15 And basically the notion is to take MS. RAMOS: Is there any thought with 16 what we do and analyze it very carefully with an effort to 16 the work force availability to eliminating the residency 17 17 improve both in terms of effectiveness, that is what we do, rule? 18 and efficiency, how well we do it. 18 MR. PAYNE: That's a very interesting 19 And it's based upon the University of 19 point, that was - the residency has been in place for about 20 Virginia high performance module I mentioned earlier and 20 20 years currently, if you look at the history of Dayton, 21 there's been a lot going on within the city department for 21 going all the way back to when we became a charter city, we 22 22 the last year and a half to making strides towards changing have been in and out of residency requirements on about a 20 23 the corporate culture of the city organization. 23 to 30 year basis, the life of this most recent change is 24 Also I would mention, because it's 24 going on 20 years. 25 getting quite a bit of publicity in the local papers, that 25 I don't believe that there's any

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And take a look at how we do staffing,

there is going to be a requested charter review that's currently under way to take a look at the human resources

and civil service implications of our City Charter.

what type of initiatives can and should be done, how recruitment is done, and whether it should be combined, whether it should be placed under the jurisdiction of the

city manager.

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And currently there are a lot of different attitudes and ideas about that, we work in an organization where 2,000 of our 3,000 - roughly 3,000 employees totally are represented by organized labor and we have some very strong police, fire and Dayton public service union employees in Dayton.

The unions have very strong allegiance to the current civil service system, and it will be interesting to see how these changes are discussed and debated in the upcoming weeks.

19 Overall, I think it's in summary the 20 City of Dayton is very much interested in making certain 21 that the city organization as a whole reflects the diversity 22 of the community that we work in and for and serve.

23 We have had systems and structures in 24 place for a long time to ensure that we pay attention to

25 that year in and year out. interest in terms of the city political leadership or

2 administrative leadership in making a change at this time.

3 It's considered to be - considered to have been very

successful in helping to retain the economic stability 5

within the city itself.

And I don't know that that situation

7 has changed.

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MS. RAMOS: Any other questions?

MS. RODEMEYER: I don't quite

understand what you mean by a charter change to put these together, that it would help diversity.

For example, in your civil service don't you meet EEOC standards?

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MR. PAYNE: Yes, we do.

15 MS. RODEMEYER: You have competitive

16 examinations and rankings?

MR. PAYNE: Yes, we do.

MS. RODEMEYER: That's considered not

19 good, is that what you're saying, you want to do something

else?

21 MR. PAYNE: No, I don't think - I

22 think what we're saying is that in combination may not be

23 what occurs, I think what we're saying is that we want the 24

opportunity to review the systems and structures for staffing that we've had in place since 1913 and say look -

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1	and say are we as state of the art as we would like to be.	1	We currently have a rule of one on both
2	Just as the revisions have been made in	2	entry level and promotion.
3	the federal civil service system, throughout a number of	3	MS. RODEMEYER: You'll never make it
4	revisions, we would like to really make sure that the civil	4	then.
5	service board, as we have it today, and the human resources	5	MS. JURKIEWICZ: How many students do
6	function are working together to maximize employment	6	you currently have in the water department internship
7	opportunities across the board within the city.	7	program?
8	MS. RODEMEYER: Well, I'm dying to see	8	MR. PAYNE: We have three.
9	the wording when you get it.	9	MS. JURKIEWICZ: Three. Has any other
10	MR. PEREZ: I have two questions, first	10.	minority tried out for that internship?
11	one is with respect to your statistics. Do you have further	11	MR. PAYNE: I'm not - I don't know.
12	breakdown of what minority populations are included in your	12	MS. JURKIEWICZ: What would happen if
13	minority figures?	13	another minority had applied for that internship?
14	MR. PAYNE: I don't have those with me	14	MR. PAYNE: I don't know the answer to
15	today, but we do have those available.	15	that question. We would probably take a look at that very
16	MR. PEREZ: It would be nice to have	16	carefully,
17	them. The other question is with respect to the internship	17	MS. JURKIEWICZ: Same thing with the
18	program and the McIntosh scholarships, are those two	18	McIntosh Program?
19	programs available only to African-American students?	19	MR. PAYNE: Sure, sure.
20	MR. PAYNE: That's the way they were	20	MS. RAMOS: Any other questions? If
21	structured and have not been changed since the inception of	21	not. Again, thank you for your presentation.
22	the program.	22	MR. PAYNE: Thank you.
23	MR. PEREZ: Who sets it up that way, do	23	MS. RAMOS: We're going to break for
24	you know?	24	lunch now. We are going to reconvene at 1:30.
25	MR. PAYNE: That was done at the time	25	(Thereupon a lunch recess was taken.)
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1	- we've had several departmental changes, but it was at the
2	time it was the Department of Central Services on behalf of
3	the city manager along with the University.
4	MR. PEREZ: Thank you.
5	MR. PAYNE: Sure.
6	MS. MITCHELL: I have a question and a
7	comment. Do you have internships in your police and fire
8	departments?
9	MR. PAYNE: Currently we do not.
10	MS. MITCHELL: You don't have those?
11	MR. PAYNE: The only thing I offer -
12	MS. MITCHELL: I'm on the Civil Service
13	Commission in the city that I live in, we have some of the
14	same challenges in our police and fire departments, and
15	went through some charter changes that allowed us to broaden
16	our initially I think you had to select from the top
17	three candidates, and I know the State has also expanded its
18	civil service rules to allow to pick from the top seven, and
19	that allows six or seven and that allows with implementing
20	that change we were able to hire our first African-American
21	police officer in this particular area suburb that I live
22	in.
23	So I would offer that some of those
24	progressive changes do help in terms of providing
25	opportunities.

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2	Thursday Afternoon Session,
3	June 11, 1998.
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5	MS. RAMOS: Mr. Mark Kingseed, Human
6	Resource Law Vice President for NCR.
7	MR. KINGSEED: Thank you very much.
8	Actually my title is the Head of Labor Relations at NCR.
9	Richard Evans was the Senior Vice President of Human
10	Resources was going to be here, he announced on Monday that
11	he's leaving the company, so not related to this meeting, I
12	assure you.
13	MS. RAMOS: We're a very friendly
14	group.
15	MR. KINGSEED: Rich asked me to come
16	and talk and I'm pleased and surprised to be here today.
17	MS. RAMOS: We welcome NCR back in the
18	fold of Dayton.
19	MR. KINGSEED: We're happy about that
20	as well, it was an unhappy interim there. I want to take a
21	few minutes to talk generally about what NCR has been
22	through and what the general employment situation of NCR has
23	been over the last several years.
24	I think that's very important to
25	understand the more detailed context outreach efforts we'll

1 discuss. 2 NCR as many of you may know was one of 3 the major employers in town, a very successful company 4 through the 1970's, and 1990-1991 on the company has had 5 some very, very difficult times. 6 We've struggled to be profitable and 7 since 1991 NCR has lost about 20,000 jobs, half of those in 8 the U.S., half of those overseas. 9 So the reason that's really important 10 for the subject we're talking about today is that we have 11 been in a prolonged downsizing situation. The hiring that 12 NCR has been able to do has been spotty small numbers 13 targeted to particular job categories. 14 And the bottom line really is from the 15 standpoint of the numbers and percentages you have 16 minorities working at the company, we're not satisfied with 17 the status quo, we know we have work to do. 18 We simply have not been able because of 19 economic conditions over the last seven or eight years to 20 have sustained economic growth, we need to bring in 21 significant numbers of new people, and we do have in place 22 though - and that's what I want to talk about for a few

A lot of significant serious outreach

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are going to be.

minutes.

1 number of students who major in these areas, that we're 2 going to be doing most of our recruiting that has a broad 3 and diverse base of students, because that is very important 4 5 What we try to do is to develop with 6 the Tier 1 schools a very close relationship. We have 7 leadership team members who are assigned, if you will, to 8 develop and nurture their relationship with the Tier 1 9 schools. 10 We conduct job fairs at those schools 11 where we send our executives out and make a sustained and 12 vigorous effort to reach out to the student population to 13 let them know about NCR and bring them on board. One of the criteria we look at when 14 15 we're trying to establish Tier 1 schools -16 (Several commission members enter.) 17 MS. RAMOS: This is Mr. Mark Kingseed 18 from NCR. If you'll continue, he was just giving us a 19 briefing on the downsizing NCR has done and what they are 20 doing as far as recruitment efforts. 21 MR. KINGSEED: I had just begun talking 22 about the college recruiting efforts, what we've done is 23 tried to focus on what we call Tier 1 schools, schools we

think have technical skills that we're trying to recruit.

One of the criteria we use when

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1 we can finally turn the company around, when we start to 2 have sustained economic growth, we're going to be positioned 3 because of relationships we're building with colleges, also 4 because of the outreach effort and affirmative action efforts we're doing we'll make significant a very quick 5 6 progress once we turn the economic corner. 7 So the first thing I wanted to talk 8 about was the efforts that NCR is doing on the college 9 campus. The company has decided in the last year to focus 10 most of our recruitment efforts on the college campus, as 11 opposed to bringing in experienced hires. 12 We do sometimes bring in -- try to 13 bring in significant numbers of experienced sales people to 14 sell some of the data warehousing and the other equipment, 15 the ATM's and so on that NCR markets. 16 The company's thrust in the future is 17 to develop a much better relationship on the college campus, 18 the use of college is the key recruiting source for the 19 types of positions that we need, which are primarily 20 computer engineering, finance and administration, 21 engineering and some of the more highly technical skills,

effort, which is we think and are very confident that when

1 determining what the Tier 1 schools, in terms of minority population of the students who are there and what - the 2 3 internal term we use are historically black colleges and universities and historically black, hispanic colleges and 5 universities, we want to make sure we are reaching out to a 6 diverse base of students and potential applicants for the 7 company. 8 Some of the schools that we've included 9 in the Tier 1 listing are Atlanta University, Texas A&M, 10 University of Texas at El Paso, Howard University, Hampton 11 University and Florida A&M. 12 Again, we really make a significant 13 effort, because quite honestly over the prior years our 14 college recruiting efforts, we used to have a fairly 15 vigorous program, frankly it withered away in the mid '90s. 16 So we are starting fresh, we make a 17 sustained effort to get in the schools and attract as wide a 18 group of students as we can, in addition to Tier 1, based on 19 the number of students and technical schools we are 20 targeting some local universities, which maybe don't have 21 the same broad range technical skills or the number of 22 students with the technical skills we want. 23 Again, as part of our outreach effort 24 we targeted Central State and Wilberforce, we have the team 25 members assigned to nurture those, we have job fairs at

What we tried to do is develop what we

that's really the main thrust of where our hiring efforts

call Tier 1 Colleges. Tier 1 College is a school that has a

1 those schools, our intent is to reach students there that 1 started to take part in that program. 2 have the skills 2 We also participate in diversity The particular skills we'll focus on at focused annual conventions and career fairs. An example of 3 3 4 Central State and Wilberforce are finance and administration 4 what NCR participated in the last 12 months are the career fairs for The National Society of Black Engineers, the 5 and MIS skills. 5 6 So those are the people who have looked 6 Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers, National Black 7 at this and determined that the number of students who are 7 MBA Association, and National Association of Black 8 available at those schools were those skills such that we 8 Accountants. 9 can really do that in a way likely to bring some of those 9 Again we found that to be a decent 10 students on board, that's really what we're doing on the 10 source of getting knowledge at NCR on career opportunities 11 college level. 11 at NCR out into the population. 12 We're also focusing pretty 12 Another piece of our efforts, we 13 significantly on student interns, we found that to be a 13 recruit heavily in diversity targeted publications. For 14 pretty valuable source of bringing people on board as well. 14 instance, for example, the careers in technology and 15 Our goal is to hire the interns directly into full time 15 information technology, national - I'm sorry, National 16 positions after graduation, we bring them on board during 16 Society of Black Engineers Magazine and Hispanic Network 17 their school year and mentor them, make sure they get and 17 Magazine. 18 will develop the skills they need and our intent and desire 18 We make sure just in the hard print we 19 is once they have graduation is to bring them on full-time. 19 get career opportunity out there. We've also started to 20 An example is what we call Global 20 advertise for or recruit on the Internet, and again the 21 Diversity Scholarship Program, this offers 20 individuals an 21 National Society of Black Engineers has a Web site which NCR 22 annual amount of \$5000. 22 participates in. 23 It's a scholarship, plus it has annual 23 That's really an overview, I think, of 24 summer internship opportunity with the company. We found 24 the recruitment efforts. One thing we're trying to do is 25 that a successful means to reach out to minority candidates 25 the retention of the minority employees that we do have.

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1 on a local level, there are five individuals in Montgomery 2 County who have taken advantage of the diversity scholarship program. We also - this is outside of

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Montgomery County, a little just to let you know what we're doing nationwide, we have what we call high potential candidates, high potential minority interns in New Jersey and San Diego where we have facilities, an Inroads Group named NCR Company of the year, because of efforts in San Diego and New Jersey. Locally we have an Inroads student working with the company as well.

The company also participates in the Dayton ACE, A-C-E Program, which is to have an intern work to learn the system at NCR, if you will, and to provide that person with employment once they graduate.

And in addition the customer engineering organization, which are the - these are the people that would actually go out and do the maintenance work on the ATM's, the computers, consumer points of sale terminals and so on, there's a special apprenticeship program that's just getting up and running now in Dayton where the intent is to bring local youth in, have them be apprentices to NCR, teach them the technical skills they need to do the job, obviously provide them employment once they master that and we have six local youth who have

Again as you might suspect with things being less than secure one could say at the company there's always a danger of attrition, and we want to make sure we don't lose qualified people, that we keep them on board. One effort, one initiative that NCR has done in the last several years is called Business Resource Group, the business resource groups or BRG's are organizations within the company sponsored by the company, have leadership team mentors, which are focused on minority employees. There's a group of African-American employees with an organization we call the Alliance, a group of Hispanic employees, Asian employees, gay and lesbian employees and employees who might be handicapped, the BRG's

The focus of the BRG's really is to make sure that - and they are open to every one, any employee can join, but the real intent is to make sure that the minority employees have the ability to network, that they have an opportunity to exchange ideas, they have an opportunity and somewhat formalized way as opposed to in addition to the normal give and take, to make sure that their concerns are being met and addressed.

are sponsored by the company.

We found the BRG's to be a very effective mechanism to make sure that the employees have a

voice, that they've got an opportunity to be heard and that 1 1 partnered with the Dayton City School District to construct 2 they understand the company in an organized and structured 2 and develop a recruitment strategy. One key component was 3 way values what they have to say about the various issues 3 recruitment strategy directed towards minority applicants. 4 that come up. 4 We used the talent and resources 5 I forgot to mention when - also 5 internally to help the school districts achieve that. The 6 6 there's a BRG for women at NCR. company is active in the Miami Valley Center for Technology, 7 Another piece of the diversity 7 one of the senior vice presidents is assigned to that. 8 initiatives, which is very important, it gets down to the 8 The role there is to try to find some 9 hard practicality of it, every leadership team member and 9 ways to get additional information, technology positions, not necessarily with NCR, but to get these positions into 10 the company is broken up into different business units. 10 11 We have a financial business unit and retail business unit 11 Montgomery County, an effort to raise employment 12 12 opportunities throughout the county. and so on. 13 13 The leadership team members of each So, in conclusion, from where NCR 14 business unit have diversity objectives which focus on 14 stands we're not happy with where we are, we do treat this 15 hiring, on promotion, and on retention of diversity of the 15 issue very seriously. 16 16 candidates. Again, I assure you that these 17 17 And those are specific objectives which quarterly reviews where the CEO is going over these issues 18 are laid out, they are developed every year by the business 18 are not cake walks by any one's definition. 19 unit leader. They are reviewed every quarter in the 19 It's a serious and sustained effort. 20 20 quarterly reviews that the CEO of the company has with the we're very confident we are positioned once we turn the 21 different business unit groups and the promotions, this is 21 company around and open up many, many employment 22 22 important, because what the company requires is that what is opportunities, we're going to be able to make some progress. 23 23 succession planning process, where the managers - every Thank you, 24 manager is required to identify succession candidates to 24 MS. RAMOS: Just a couple of questions. What percentage would you say of maybe 25 fill his or her position. 25 102 104

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And again there is a thrust and a push to make sure that qualified minority applicants are part of that and what happens is when an individual is identified, high potential individual is identified, there's a succession plan, the individual is named in a document, if you will, and the manager's obligation is to come up with a structured analysis or review, if you will, of how that person over the next 2 to 3 to 4 to 5 years can get the experience and the skill levels they need to get promoted up up into the ranks.

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So that is something that is being ruled out literally even as we speak, I think they are due on June 15th or 16th.

So that's another sustained significant and a practical way that we are going to make sure that we're reaching out into an entire employee population making sure we're putting the training and experience in place so the people have an opportunity to move forward in the company.

One last piece, which doesn't really get directly to employment opportunity at NCR, but we think is important. NCR, just being a good corporate citizen, we try to work as much as we can on countyline efforts to work as well.

Two examples of that, NCR recently

professional administrative levels are internal hires? It seems that you do quite a bit through the interns.

MR. KINGSEED: I don't know the answer
to that. I can find out the —I'm sure that somewhere in

the HR organization they do have those numbers.
 I think we do try to promote from

within as much as we can for all of the obvious reasons, but generally the attrition level has been such that we obviously are doing some external recruiting that's where we get into college recruiting.

A lot of the experienced internal hiring comes in the technical sales force where we believed last year that one reason our economic results were not where they needed to be was because we did not have enough experienced sales people.

We made a significant effort to get people trained on board who would know how to sell highly technical computer systems and data warehouses.

MS. RAMOS: And also I worked with another gentleman, he's a recruiter, Evan Simmons, I sat on another committee with him. I believe I had an application for somebody they were looking for, I think, an accountant.

I found out and you eluded to this that each department has its own hiring system, do you find that could become a barrier, because instead of taking an

1 application for NCR, you have to know which specialist, 1 what resources have you used to do that? 2 which department and that, do you have any comments about 2 MR. KINGSEED: Again, with the 3 how that works? I thought it was kind of difficult. 3 objectives that each business unit has, again, there are 4 MR. KINGSEED: It's a good point. What 4 diversity objectives. Frankly, we're shooting to make sure 5 we have done - and we're in the process of changing how we 5 that we've got a higher - I'm trying to think of how to say 6 6 this accurately, to have a higher percentage of diverse do recruiting. 7 We have centralized, it's not completed applicants than the availability sometimes shows. 7 8 8 yet, but we centralized through an outside agency to help us So that's an effort where we make sure 9 do that, to get the resumes in, to direct the resumes to the 9 when we have a pipeline the way it should be, so we have 10 10 done that. proper business units and to set up the interviews and 11 monitor them. 11 But most of the positions at the higher 12 I think there was - frankly, I 12 levels, again, if they are recruited from within, because 13 wouldn't go so far as disjointed, that's probably not 13 we're trying to develop the internal talents and move people up that's not a good answer, I think that's all I can think 14 completely accurate. 14 15 I don't think it was as smooth as it 15 16 should have been in terms of making sure an application came 16 MS, MITCHELL: You did answer that, 1 17 17 in for somebody who might have been able to do both jobs in had another question about - oh, you know, a lot of times 18 the financial and retail division. I think it's true the 18 when companies are downsizing you tend to see a disparity, 19 way the old system was, if retail is the entity that had the 19 larger in terms of minorities and women; I had a question 20 job or specific position that person's resume might not get 20 about your interns in that area, I think it takes some real 21 surfaced to the other groups. 21 effort for that not to happen when downsizing. 22 MR. KINGSEED: I agree with that. 22 The new process we have should take 23 care of that. If it's working the way we intend there will 23 We've been very successful on that, I work two-halfs, I'm in 24 24 be a centralized source, the business unit will be sending the law department and in HR. 25 the information to that centralized source as to what the 25 With my law department hat one of my 106

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1 career opportunities are. 1 2 So that group should be able to, in 2 3 essence, just match up the skills to the position, also in 3 4 whatever business unit the job is open. 4 5 MS. RAMOS: We have time for maybe one 5 6 or two, we need to move along. 6 7 MS. MITCHELL: I have a question. One 7 8 of the things that really the question that we had, the 8 reason we are doing the hearings is one of the things we 9 9 10 looked at, it appeared the public sector employers were 10 11 having a lot greater success at hiring and retaining 11 12 minorities and women in upper levels of organizations than 12 13 13 in the private sector, so I guess my question is what do you 14 find to be the obstacles or challenges in accomplishing that 14 15 through NCR? 15 16 16 MR. KINGSEED: I think the biggest 17 obstacle we have to making a significant change in the 17 numbers is really the economic condition of the company. 18 18 Again we're not hiring large numbers of 19 19 20 people at all. In fact, frankly, we've usually been dealing 20 21 with the reverse situation, something I think that's really 21 22 the problem, I think, when we have positions we do a fairly 22 23 23 good job, not good enough, but fairly well at getting that 24 diverse candidate pool. 24 25 25 MS. MITCHELL: How have you done -

tasks with the attorneys that work for me is to make sure when there's a reduction in force that the adverse impact statistics are reviewed and those decisions are looked at very, very carefully. And I mean it's - I guess it's a benefit, it's kind of a negative thing to compliment ourselves on. In the downsizing we have done, frankly, a good job of making sure that did not happen, that the gap did not get larger because of the downsizing over the last 7 or 8 years. MS. RAMOS: All right. We thank you very much for coming here. MR. KINGSEED: My pleasure. MS. RAMOS: As a matter of fact we published that there is information, especially on what the government sector is doing, you might want to look at and we'll be sure to save you a copy of our findings. Thank MS. RAMOS: Next we have Jenni Roer, welcome. MS. ROER: Thank you. MS. RAMOS: I'm sorry, you were with? MS. ROER: Dayton Regional Executive Director for the National Conference for Community and

Justice, NCCJ, new job and new name. 1 2 MS. RAMOS: Community? 3 MS. ROER: For Community and Justice, 4 formally the National Conference of Christians and Jews, 5 then it was the National Conference, now it's the National 6 Conference for Community and Justice, we're getting there. 7 MS. RAMOS: Your name is again? 8 MS. ROER: Jenni, J-E-N-N-I, Roer, 9 R-O-E-R. 10 MS. RAMOS: Thank you for coming. 11 MS. ROER: My pleasure. 12 MS. RAMOS: We look forward to what you 13 have to say. 14 MS. ROER: I'm here today to speak to a 15 race relations study that we do in coordination with the 16 University of Dayton here, and we've conducted two to date, 17 we're gearing up to conduct a third, previously conducted in `94 and `96. 18 19 And they were under the direction of 20 Dr. Ronald Kasiama, (spelled phonetically) and Dr. Charles 21 Kimball from the University of Dayton. And I would be 22 remiss - and I don't expect you to write this down, it's 23 even more alphabet soup, it's in coordination for the Center 24 for Family and Community Research, which is part of the 25 University of Dayton.

rating of five where people perceived that it was much worse 2 to one which would say it was much better here in Montgomery 3 4 The African-Americans who were surveyed, the average rating was 3.2. Of those in the white 5 6 community surveyed the average rating was 2.9. 7 So we're not saying African-Americans 8 said it was much worse at five, and whites said it was much 9 better at one, but there is still a disparity, 10 African-Americans think it's slightly worse, whereas the 11 white population thinks it's slightly better. 12 The African-Americans experience more 13 discrimination from a variety of sources than did whites. 14 The sources cited as most discriminatory for 15 African-Americans were from him sales people, 37 percent of 16 African-Americans cited discriminatory incidents versus 17 about 6 percent of whites. Work supervisors, 21 percent of 18 African-Americans versus about 4 percent of whites, fellow 19 employees 20 percent African-Americans, about 4 percent of 20 whites. 21 Just to note police officers about 15 22 percent of African-American versus less than two percent of 23 whites. Loan officers, 11 and a half percent of 24 African-Americans versus less than 1 percent of whites. 25 So noticeable differences in that

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1	The purpose of the survey was to assess
2	the nature and extent of racial discrimination in the Dayton
3	area and to examine the feelings and attitudes that are
4	thought to be associated with the discrimination.
5	The survey consisted of over 1,000
6	respondents and to give you a brief idea of the
7	demographics, 51 percent white, 34 percent African-American,
8	8 Percent Appalachian, which we have a sizable community
9	here, and 6 percent other minorities.
0	The incidents and sources of
1	discrimination were highest among African-Americans, both
2	African-Americans and other minorities experience more
3	discrimination than did whites and Appalachian.
14	African-Americans perceived a problem
5	in discrimination in Montgomery County to be worse than
16	elsewhere in the United States, and more severe than did
17	whites and Appalachian.
8	Other minorities reported
19	discrimination to be about the same as elsewhere.
20	Specifically of those African-American's surveyed 59 percent
21	said they had experienced discrimination in the past year
22	versus 20 percent of whites Surveyed approximately a 2 to 1
23	ratio.
24	In terms of severity discrimination in
25	Montgomery County compared to other metro areas, there was

1	respect.
2	The feeling score measured are feelings
3	or warm toward other members and racial groups, in general
4	the feeling scores of African-Americans were slightly lower.
5	I believe whites, Appalachian and other minorities,
6	education level reviews an interesting contrast between
7	African-Americans and whites.
8	Feelings of warm increased with
9	education among whites whereas the reverse was true among
10	African-Americans.
11	So when we do this in a dialogue
12	format, we stop and have a discussion hearing – usually
13	it's quite a lively discussion as to why people believe that
14	situation exists.
15	African-Americans and other minorities
16	believe there are less opportunities for African-Americans
17	than do whites and Appalachian.
18	Perception also of opportunity for
19	African-Americans were found to be important predictors of
20	bias towards members of other racial and cultural groups.
21	African-Americans and other minorities
22	believe there are far less opportunities than whites and
23	Appalachian in obtaining managerial promotions, credit
24	loans and fair court sentences, and specifically of those
25	African-Americans surveyed 76 percent said there was less

1	opportunity for managerial promotions, versus 36 percent of	1	other minorities tended to attribute the misfortunes of
2	those in the white community that were surveyed.	2	African-Americans to personal factors such as lack of
3	It's interesting to note that generally	3	motivation, values or discipline.
4	the most discrimination stated previously was experienced in	4	Whites, Appalachian and other
5	the African-American population, then followed by other	5	minorities tend to attribute the misfortunes of
6	minorities then whites and then Appalachian.	6	African-Americans to situational factors demonstrate lower
7	In terms of skilled labor jobs 62	7	bias against African-Americans.
8	percent of those surveyed of African-Americans said there	8	Those are the highlights of the study,
9	was less opportunity for skilled labor jobs, versus 28	9	I do have brochures that I can leave with you if you would
10	percent of those surveyed in the white community.	10	like, and I'd be happy to answer any questions.
11	There are predictors of lower bias	11	MS. RAMOS: Are there any questions?
12	against African-Americans, one of them is the perception of	12	MS. MITCHELL: Who commissioned the
13	opportunity for African-Americans.	13	studies?
14	White Appalachian and other minorities	14	MS. ROER: The National Conference or
15	who believe African-Americans have less opportunity than	15	NCCJ, in coordination with the University of Dayton, Dick
16	whites tends to have lower bias against African-Americans.	16	Ferguson is the special assistant to the president of the
17	Some of the other predictors are	17	University, Brother Ray Fitz, and it was an observation from
18	childhood contact and personal contact in the past year,	18	work that was ongoing in the community on reduction of
19	those who had a close childhood friend from a different	19	racism.
20	racial or cultural background reported warmer interracial	20	MS. RAMOS: Is it possible to get a
21	feelings than those who did not.	21	copy of that study so that we can have that?
22	Current contact with people from	22	MS. ROER: Certainly I can give you a
23	different cultures or of racial backgrounds were associated	23	copy of both studies.
24	with lower bias against African-Americans. As many of you	24	MS. MITCHELL: How has the information
25	are aware, Dayton is one of the more segregated and less	25	been used?
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segregated cities in the United States, which means the 2 opportunity for children to have that kind of relationship 3 is decreased and to some degree for people, specifically 4 people not working outside the home or working in primarily 5 segregated institutions would not have the opportunity to 6 meet with people in other racial or cultural groups. So that's not to say that Dayton is a

necessarily, but it is to say that it is a barrier and central hurdle that has to be jumped in this community. Despite the relatively high rate of

less segregated city, Dayton has better race relations

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interracial conflict African-Americans residing in northwest and west Dayton, which is more integrated than other parts of Dayton reported warmer feelings towards whites.

African-Americans in other areas in Montgomery County, whites living in northwest Dayton indicated the less bias towards African-Americans, while those living in east Dayton, which is very segregated primarily white indicated the most bias.

African-Americans are more inclined to attribute misfortunes such as low income, lack of education, high unemployment, and single parent homes of African-Americans to situational factors, such as unequal

opportunity, limited access to jobs or financial pressures. In contrast whites, Appalachian, and an early intervention prejudice reduction program for grades kindergarten through third grade, it's been implemented in Springfield City Schools, some of Dayton City Schools and throughout Kettering City Schools. It's up on Different and Same Video Series through Public Broadcasting, which is part of Mr. Rogers. It has puppets and kids can relate to that. Since children who have had the opportunity to be with other children of different races or of different cultural backgrounds tends to have less bias, what we found with kids going through the program is that they too demonstrated less bias once they were through the program. It's also helpful in that the teachers go through a session prior to the program being introduced with the children. Another outcome is we have a community

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MS. ROER: Good point, there have been several outcomes, one is that the national conference

developed a program called Reaching Our Children, which is

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> dialogue component associated with the survey, what I just went through with you is reflected in that dialogue, and we're in coordination with cooperation with the Vineyards Program, as well as the City of Dayton and University of Dayton.

1	There's been conversations in the
2	banking area in terms of ramification, selling the outline
3	study with loan officers as well as fair housing.
4	MS. PRESLEY: There have been follow-up
5	studies?
6	MS. ROER: There has been follow-up.
7	As I mentioned, we're gearing up for a third study, it was a
8	different focus or sub focus with the University of Dayton.
9	Certainly questions remain the same, so we can gauge how
10	things are going on in the community.
11	MR. SAVREN: Has this study been
12	replicated, either verbatim in any kind of similar way by
13	the national conference anywhere else in the country?
14	MS. ROER: A proposal - funny you
15	should ask that. A proposal is being proposed in 10 cities.
16	I know there was a national study done, it's not exact,
17	obviously not exactly similar, but the findings are in line
18	with this study.
19	But we hope to replicate it on a
20	national level. I know Orlando is very interested in
21	pursuing it also.
22	MR. SAVREN: My other question, I must
23	admit is not terribly well crafted, but what's very
24	interesting is that what you really measured was attitudes

1 chances are there. Now, we wouldn't be able to say it was 2 primarily private or public sector, but it's a strong 3 indication of how this community works or doesn't work in 4 that respect. 5 MS. RAMOS: Significance to in relation 6 to your question, how would these findings inhibit 7 minorities from getting professional managerial positions? 8 How do you see the relationship? 9 MS. ROER: How do these findings 10 inhibit, they adjust, it's more difficult for minorities to 11 obtain managerial positions. 12 MS. RODEMEYER: Would you suggest that 13 goes, if that feeling is so, and it reflects reality, then 14 you are saying education does no good, are they saying that? 15 If I work very hard and I get all kinds of education, but 16 it's not going to do me any good? 17 MS. ROER: The hypothesis would be, for 18 instance, in terms of the difference on the education where 19 the more educated and African-Americans is the less warm 20 feelings were toward other races. You saw a real drop off 21 between college and post graduates in terms of that. 22 Whereas in the white community you'll 23 see warmer feelings as you increase in levels of education 24 and it stayed stable between college and post graduate. 25 It's been hypothesized when discussed

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But in a sense the attitudes take on a reality of their own, is there any way of determining how closely these attitudes actually reflects reality? For example, one of the motivating

factors in our having this hearing was statistical indication that there in upper management minorities are more well represented in government than in private industry, some of that may be because of a perception about

government as opposed to private industry, for example, but 10 is there any way of really measuring to what extent these

11 attitudes actually reflect reality. 12

not reality necessarily.

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MS. ROER: I think the answer is yes, and with the survey information that I provide you you can - we can go more deeply into that. I think what you will find is when we looked at the warm thermometer you'll see a correlation to bias, which is more a test of reality when you say the situation is a bias of discrimination that a

18 person has experienced. 19 There's a very close relationship 20 between how warm feelings are between the races or how 21 difficult your background and the degree of bias, and one 22 would surmise in terms of the issue of lack of promotions -

23 managerial promotions. 24 People are saying or African-Americans 25 were saying in the survey that they really don't feel their

18 MS. MANGIERI: Thank you. I'm 19 interested in what information you're interested in hearing 20 from me first, then, I have a couple of thoughts. But if 21 22 23 the area of women and minorities, I wanted to start first with some of the observations I've made over my years of 24

in community dialogue, what's happening in the 2 African-Americans - with more educated African-Americans is

3 the glass ceiling and disillusionments, I did all the things 4 I was supposed to do, I followed the mantra right through

5 and it does not get me where I thought it would.

6 MS. RAMOS: Any more questions? We 7 certainly thank you and we look forward to looking at those

8 surveys.

We're going to break for five minutes and then continue.

(Brief recess taken.)

MS. RAMOS: Mr. Washington is still 12 13 enroute, so we will continue with Rhonda Mangieri, Vice

14 President of Human Resources at Monarch Marketing Systems.

15 Welcome, glad to have you here.

MS. MANGIERI: Thank you.

MS. RAMOS: Would you like to begin?

you're looking at the first question, which is what has been our experience as an employer in this area of recruiting in

being in human resources, which has been 20 years.

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1	need for focus on educating and providing the particular
2	skills needed for the jobs that are remaining in this
3	country.
4	While we have recognized that there's
5	been a downsizing of different types of jobs in the United
6	States, and in particular in our industry where we have had
7	downsizing in our engineering area, those employees who are
8	remaining have been picked up by companies much larger than
9	ours, where there is - and we've seen recently two of our
10	most talented people in our information systems that
11	remained after a downsizing were swallowed up by companies
12	that could afford to pay top dollars for this talent.
13	We have also spent a lot of our
14	resources in educating our current work force, because we
15	recognize while we've been really accelerating at the
16	technical end in this country.
17	So people come in from undergraduate
18	schools, higher education with limited skills needed in the
19	work force, what we've done as an employer is to provide
20	continue to provide educational opportunities through our
21	educational reimbursement program and also on the job
22	training.
23	So my observations have, No. 1, been
24	the opportunity for people are diminishing, but first of all
25	going back to where are we going in terms of education and

2 are similar to what I'm experiencing now 20 years later. 3 In our business at Monarch we have a variety of positions, 4 jobs, engineering, technical, unskilled, skilled jobs and we 5 do a variety, I don't know if you're familiar with what we 6 do, what Monarch Marketing Systems does. 7 MS. RAMOS: I think maybe some of them 8 are not necessarily from here. MS.MANGIERI: Okay. Our company 10 manufacturers labels, tickets, tags, table top printers, the 11 labeling guns that you see used in the stores to ticket and 12 tag items that's what we do. 13 So we provide innovative ways for 14 retailers, wholesalers, to ticket, tag, track their 15 merchandise. 16 We have moved from a primarily systems 17 related to supplies related, so we're moving away from more 18 of the technical end to being more of a service provider. 19 My observation is where we're going in 20 this country in terms of education and where we're going 21 relative to overall providing of jobs across this nation. 22 I came from industry in Pittsburgh 23 where I worked nine and a half years; what I observed was a 24 lot of our jobs in work were moving out of the United States 25 to off shore. That meant the downsizing of jobs and we've

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So those observations and experiences

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1 experienced that at Monarch. 2 We were acquired two years ago by a 3 larger company outside of White Plains, New York. The focus 4 of this company as many companies in the United States is 5 bottom line shareholders move it. 6 That means that you sale your product 7 or your service for the highest dollar possible and you pay 8 in terms of productivity making the item you pay the least 9 amount. 10 What we found in the job I held in 11 Pittsburgh is you could produce some of your items off shore 12 for less dollars, so that meant downsizing. What we then turned around and saw is 13 14 we need, rather than more of our work force in the 15 production, the technical area, having come out of higher 16 education, I worked in higher education for 11 years at 17 universities and colleges, I saw a diminishing in this 18 country on the focus on jobs and education to prepare people 19 for the jobs that we have remaining in this country. 20 At Monarch currently our focus has been 21 on providing opportunity for young people to come into our 22 company job shadowing. We received an award from the City 23 of Dayton schools for our volunteers on behalf of our 24 employees, for volunteering in the Dayton schools. 25 So our employees recognize there's a

1 also where are we going in terms of providing a broader 2 breath of jobs in this country. 3 I sat around in two HR programs 4 recently, a number of companies are growing, a number of 5 companies are downsizing, I think there's a mix bag, my observation while HR is downsizing, a part of smaller 7 organizations and being acquired by other organizations, 8 there are organizations that are growing. 9 I believe we need to educate, provide a 10 stronger education, a base in this country, and I also think 11 that we need to look at the focus on what are the expanded 12 opportunities we can provide in the United States for jobs 13 that are moving off shore. 14 Any questions? And I have some other 15 data. 16 MS. RAMOS: What kind of effort do you 17 do to recruit minorities in the professional arena 18 especially? 19 MS. MANGIERI: One of the things we do 20 is we participate in a number of programs around the Miami Valley area engineering, women in the engineering program 21 22 where we bring women on-site to our facility so that we have 23 a network into these organizations. 24 Also we do our - what we believe is 25 probably a more effective approach in terms of job career

1	fairs, where we have an opportunity to meet people on-site.	1	of Puerto Rico, and things like that, do you do any outside
2	We also have started in our recruitment	2	recruiting also?
3	strategy, a program where we're offering our employees	3	MS. MANGIERI: Yes, I mentioned to you
4	because we know that networking is a very viable source, so	4	job fairs and college fairs, I didn't mention college first.
5	we're beginning to start to offer an incentive for our	5	MS. RAMOS: But I mean on a larger
6	employees on-site to help recruit other employees into the	6	level, than a smaller company, I'm not sure if you mean the
7	organization.	7	Dayton area or?
8	We also participate in the Urban League	8	MS. MANGIERI: We don't go outside of
9	program where we have financed a number of our employees to	9	the Dayton area in terms of physically our employment group,
10	participate in that program, and we feel connecting with the	10	which is one person going outside of, but we do do our
11	community in various ways provides us an opportunity to	11	advertisement and posting the traditional organizations,
12	connect with people who have the skills that we need	12	minority colleges, the university and the organizations, but
13	currently exist in our organization.	13	in terms of physical person being on-site to things outside
14	The other thing that we do, as I	14	the Dayton area, no, we don't do that.
15	mentioned to you, is that our employees are very involved	15	MS, JURKIEWICZ: Do you - do - they
16	volunteering in Dayton area high school programs, college	16	mentioned a black engineering organization; do you use that?
17	programs and we participate in the job shadowing, the school	17	MS. MANGIERI: Yes, we use that and we
18	to work program, et cetera, and we also work with local HR	18	also use minorities - there's an MBA program in Cincinnati
19	directors of other organizations to recruit from their	19	that we have personal contact with people that we send our
20	organizations when they have downsizing.	20	positions to, so we use individuals connected within those
21	So we take a more hands-on, we don't	21	organizations.
22	believe the traditional approach of where we're using job	22	MS. RAMOS: Do you hire a lot of
23	ads is effective, we believe in getting out into the	23	external hires or try to promote from within?
24	community.	24	MS. MANGIERI: We promote from within.
25	We also - one of the things I wanted	25	Our first recruitment effort is within, a lot of times and
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1 to mention is that we have a charitable organization trust 2 in our organization and we believe that that's very 3 important in terms of connecting with the community in 4 making our name known in the community, and what we do and 5 type of employer that we are, we contribute over \$100,000 6 even in the face of downsizing and budget cuts over 7 \$100,000, and those contributions are primarily targeted 8 towards ways in which we believe we can reach out to a 9 community. 10 In education some of the funds are 11 going into social, cultural, and educational programs that 12 support the advancement of women, children and minorities. 13 And we have a group of employees who are responsible for 14 allocating those dollars. 15 So we take what we believe are grass 16 roots approaches where we get to the root cause, an analysis 17 of what I believe is a dilemma and that's why we are 18 involved in as much of our educational base in our community 19 as possible, because we believe that is the feeder into our 20 organization. 21 MS. RAMOS: One of the businesses said

1 that's why we focused on the development of our people 2 within our organization, one of the skills we believe that 3 we will need three, four years down, and so that's - yes, we have a strong educational reimbursement program and our 5 first recruitment strategy is placement within and posting, 6 job posting system. 7 MS. RAMOS: What would you say are some 8 of the barriers to minorities that you might see in the 9 business community? 10 MS. MANGIERI: In our particular 11 organization or from a group? MS. RAMOS: Maybe combination of both. 12 13 MS. MANGIERI: Okay. I would say within our organization we have a diversity of minorities 14 15 throughout the organization, Asian, Hispanic and within our sales force and service representatives and I had some 16 17 general numbers, composite in the face of downsizing, our 18 minority level at the executive level is 5.5 percent, women 19 are 11 percent, is a total number of 18. 20 Our mid-level management is 3.7, first 21 one is 9.1 percent professional; engineering, chemist, 2 22 percent minorities, 10 percent female; professionals 8.4 females, 51 percent; semi-skilled and manufacturing area is 23 24 15 percent minority, 27 percent female; other scale 27

percent minority, 78 percent white, 6 percent female; sales

MS. MANGIERI: Yes.

MS. RAMOS: That they have set up

they do a lot of recruiting, did you say you use engineers?

recruiting with historical black colleges and the University

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1	rep, 13 percent minority, 31 percent female; designs and our
2	technical workers are 19 percent minority, 13.5 percent
3	female.
4	So throughout our organization there is
5	- even as small as we are today, I think maybe we're down
6	to a thousand employees, and in the Dayton area there's
7	about 700.
8	So I would believe that when an
9	employee walks into the facility and I've been at Monarch
10	for two years, that was my first observation of the various
11	areas that I went into marketing, there was representation
12	throughout the various areas where traditionally have not
13	seen marketing, engineering, et cetera.
14	In our engineering we have a broad
15	representation until our latest downsizing and people
16	leaving on their own, being recruited outside of our
17	organization.
18	So I think in terms of visible, what
19	you observe, I don't think that that would be an initial
20	barrier.
21	I think some of the other barriers and
22	what I observed is compensation levels, when I saw in 1994 I
23	read some statistics, I think the number it was a single
24	digit number or number of black women in the United States
25	that make over \$70,000 and I thought this is a shame.

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      recruited me heavily because of my skills.
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                            Monarch, then, of course, that company
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      was acquired by another company, and our human resources
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      function was moved to Connecticut, but I chose not to go to
 5
      Connecticut and remain here.
 6
                            And through a business being a vendor
 7
       of ours at the company where I worked knew me and sent my
       resume to Monarch. I came in, I was interviewed that week,
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9
       the next week they offered me the job.
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                            Once again it was the skill set and I
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      was interviewed by - except for the HR staff it was all
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       white males, and they were the decisionmakers and there were
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       other males who were contending for this position also, and
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      I happened to be their first choice and I was selected
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       because of various interpersonal skills, plus my HR
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       background.
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                            So it was connections, it was a vendor
      that's why networking works.
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                            MS. MITCHELL: Two questions I had, one
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       was an observation, but I think in many cases when you're
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       looking particularly in the upper echelon of management, a
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       lot it is having surrogates, somebody who knows you and your
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       credibility.
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                            And of course you obviously have to
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       have the skills to go along with that, and I guess I'm
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So I think compensation level is a barrier. With our organization we pay competitive to the Miami Valley area. Of course, with a lot of businesses leaning towards high tech individuals and with information systems demands our people can move outside of the organization and gain anywhere from 10 to 16 percent increase, which is what we've just experienced in the last six months where people have been recruited, and so they've gone because their talent is needed elsewhere, so.

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MS. MITCHELL: I guess the — I'm curious as to how Monarch came by you, how did you end up there?

MS. MANGIERI: It's very interesting,
 because if I could back up and talk about how! got to
 Cincinnati four years ago.

My resume happened to be floated around by a recruiter and no one at the time, I don't think the

18 recruiter knew that I was black, and but I had the skill
19 sets. I had every area of human resources
20 experience, down to information systems, installing HR
21 systems, affirmative action, EEO, Section Title 9, et

systems, affirmative action, EEO, Section 1 litle 9, et
 cetera; having been a former affirmative action officer 1970

to 1978, yeah, 1978.
 I had a broad breath of experience, my

resume — I was flown in, I turned the job down, they

curious as to how that impacts opportunities for minorities and women.

MS. MANGIERI: Right. There has to be a commitment by the executive level group to take on to look around in their work force and say we don't have a representation here of what is in the population.

And that's the one thing that I can speak about Monarch is that my boss asked for numbers, and that presentation was given to the executive staff and there was a definite indication that in the message sent that we need to broaden our representation, given the fact that we have limited job opportunities now, because of the turnover, but we needed to reflect the population that exists in our

nation.
So, yes, you're right, it takes there is that personal connection and networking.

And I mentioned to you that I was in affirmative action from 1975, where I was coordinator of our human relations program at Slippery Rock University and became the first affirmative action officer for the

university, and in that time the Pennsylvania State College
 Systems were under the adams of desegregation and federal
 court order, many of you are familiar with that.

24 So I know in terms of recruitment what 25 works and your ads, the traditional things that we have done

1 does not work. 1 So it's a lot easier than to walk away from a job or get recruited from a company versus where you What I have seen work is getting out 2 2 3 there in the grass roots and making a difference in terms of 3 form relationships. 4 walking and organizations, connecting with people, 4 And I think we have several things 5 5 referrals, et cetera, that's a lot of leg work, it's a lot going on with businesses right now and I think that's a 6 easier to throw dollars in an ad, but what does that get 6 challenge of keeping talented people in the organization, 7 you, it makes you known and the person maybe don't have 7 because the skill sets are just - I mean the demands for 8 those connections. 8 certain skills are just unbelievable, and I think in So that's why I think it's so important 9 businesses people have no problem walking away from an 10 that we start connecting back down to the earlier levels in 10 employer after one or two years and moving on to something 11 the educational systems, what you're connecting with people 11 that's more money, a different environment, opportunity for 12 12 and groups and moving them through and you're part of their job expansion, et cetera. 13 process, not only in the elementary levels but also junior 13 And working in higher education I know 14 high and grade school. 14 it was harder for me to leave a public organization and 15 15 And that's why our employees - and that's my own personal experience and people have been there 16 there's a mixture and I was going to bring the article that 16 for years. 17 was featured in the newspaper of our employees who are part 17 So it was 18 years average tenure and 18 18 of the mentoring program in the Dayton schools and it's a we were bonded together and we had, I think, a common cause, 19 mixture of black and white employees who go out into the 19 a mission, a vision, a direction, this in businesses it's 20 Dayton school areas to work and then we follow through the 20 bottom line, not to say the public organizations weren't 21 21 school to work program, the job shadowing mentoring focused on providing some profit, whether or not it's the 22 22 development of people or adding to the community, whatever. program. 23 MS. MITCHELL: Any other questions? I 23 MS. MITCHELL: That's interesting and 24 have just one other. 24 makes sense. Okay. Thank you, so much. 25 25 MS. MANGIERI: Yes. MS. MANGIERI: You're quite welcome. 134 136

1 MS. MITCHELL: You have various 2 experience in HR for a long period of time and have had the 3 opportunity to talk with HR people in the public sector and 4 the thing that we were actually looking at was public sector seems to have had larger success with recruiting and 5 6 retaining minorities and women in their upper levels of 7 management; what do you think the differences are or do you 8 have any? MS. MANGIERI: Yes, I have an opinion 9 10 on that, working for public higher education institutions, 11

then, going into industry, my observation is there are many public sector, I think is more of a community, where people - it goes back down to some root things that goes on in the human dynamics.

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It's more of a community versus in the business community people come into a business and I think your career is there, but your association and your affiliation is typically outside of that business network, versus in a public organization, it's just my observation is that there's more community bonding relationships that are formed there and I think it's the nature of the business and in the business environment people usually belong to the professional organizations, your connection is there, and your association that bonding, et cetera, is not

particularly my observation in the business.

1 Can I just check my notes to make sure I highlighted a 2 couple of things that I wanted to bring to your attention. 3 I think that was it.

MS. MITCHELL: Thank you so much. MS. RAMOS: Just browse yours and

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MS, WILLIS: I'm Donna Willis, I am the Employee Relations Consultant for Bank One, and as a matter of fact I have responsibility for the affirmative action plan that we do and diversity related things as well as the

12 MS. FOLTZ: And I'm Carol Foltz, and I 13 manage employment for southwest Ohio for Bank One, and I've 14 been in the human resource group at Bank One, I've been at 15 the bank for 20 years, and 19 of those years I've been in 16 human resources most of the time doing employment, did spend

employee relations functions.

17 some time as an affirmative action officer for a while. So

18 I understood the numbers and how important that piece was. 19 And still so I guess I'll spend a

20 little bit of time we thought we were going to be asked 21 questions, so now!'m trying to figure out how to turn the 22 answers into a presentation, but just to give you sort of a 23 feel for us and our numbers, I think we do very well in 24 diversity within our organization. 25

We have in the professional and

managerial categories 17 percent of our work force are Some of the things we have been most minorities and 79 percent females. successful in doing is really networking, and I heard that Since one of the things as I've tried said earlier as well, but networking with other minorities to sit there during Rhonda's presentation and think over the that work at the bank to let them know what we are looking years how we've managed to change some of our demographics for and since they are more connected in those circles that it really comes in the fact that we have turnover and we've grown, and we probably hire anywhere between 800 and 1,200 Also having minority recruiters helps a employees a year into our organization, and that's in the great deal, we've done college programs, we do a lot of -Dayton market. we didn't pass, we don't do as much of that any more because And we currently have roughly - these as our company has gone to a more national approach we don't numbers change all the time, help me if I'm wrong, but about do as much of the college recruiting at the local level, but 1,800, 1,900 employees - well, actually we had a big group when we were that was a great opportunity to get connected that started last week, we're probably closer to 2,000 now, with the minority groups on campus. And, you know, do a lot I forgot about them. of entry level professional minority applying into our We haven't seen a report with them on training programs. it, but when you're hiring large numbers of people you can We also sponsor a scholarship program change the demographics better, but it's still a constant in the Dayton area that has anywhere from three to four thing unless it's growth, every one minority that you lose, depending on funding schedule scholars a year to Miami if you don't replace them, then, your numbers slide, so it University. is a constant thing to grow that diversity. We as part of that scholarship program Over the years we've done all kinds of they receive \$4,000 a year, but they also receive a summer things to - and I've been fortunate to have management that internship every summer that they are in college, and the really felt diversity was important and backed it, and would mentoring and support of bank officers to help them through even keep requisitions open until we found diverse that. And we've successfully hired one of our first candidates. graduates this year, so he starts in a couple of weeks.

And I think it takes that kind of management support to make a difference and change the way things are, but we've done lots of external outreach things, but also I think we have a very large and of course most people know what a bank is all about, so I didn't start with describing us, but maybe I should.

We probably differ from other banks, we also have a very large credit card operation that's here in the Dayton market, and that has been something that's been growing over the years.

I mean I can remember when it was a department of 35 people and now they have about 1,200 of the employees that are in the Dayton market, so it has dramatically grown. Those were additions to staff, and very diverse kinds of jobs that were created as a result of that.

So I think having large numbers of clerical people who have entered the organization and developed over the years has been another one of our desires to develop folks into entry level supervisors and many of our internal training programs then help people develop some of those skills.

So our outreach has been on all levels, it seems increasingly challenging to find women and minorities in some of the job categories that we look for among the professional ranks.

So I think it takes, you know, looking at different ways to reach that population, actually things like advertising isn't reaching much of anyone today, that's not how—we still use that, because some people are going to look in the newspaper for opportunity, but that seems to be the least effective method in today's world of very low unemployment and it's taking all kinds of creative ways to find people with the skill sets that you are looking for.

Being very involved in the community, and serving on different boards and being connected and into programs that reach to the minority population, we have been very successful and I guess that's what I would say about the outreach piece.

MS. WILLIS: I would take it from the external focus to internal focus and as Carol stated, we have had the good fortune to have senior management support for the whole issue of diversity and affirmative action, but more so diversity, so that we had a task force formed 8 to 10 years ago to say how do we recruit, but beyond that how do we retain the people we do recruit, and out of that developed some recommendations.

One was that a professional minority, I call a support networking group was discovered. One of the things we discovered we might get people in the door, but if there wasn't a support group there, people to talk to, to

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1	share experiences and so on and so forth, they might decide	1	every one in banking would like females and minorities with
2	to go somewhere else that looked a little more attractive.	2	those skill sets and females we sometimes - they just don't
3	That group remains very active,	3	like the position because it requires a lot of calling on
4	Cultural Change 2000 group today is what they are called,	4	outside companies, it's a sales job after you get the
5	and they moved from being a support network for one another	5	technical skills down.
6	to doing community related things and a little bit more	6	And so we do find that once we've
7	business focused today.	7	groomed them and have them, then, they are the ones that get
8	But as a result of that groups'	8	picked off for larger salaries and very competitive, and
9	formation then we made several recommendations to senior	9	we've done our share of picking others off from other
10	management about other activities we needed to do, including	10	organizations, so, but, you know, that's probably the one
11	diversity training, which we started in full force from	11	job classification that I would say we have the most
12	1994, still do awareness type programs, also developed	12	challenge with.
13	mentorship program, more sponsor type program, mentoring	13	Managers generally it would be easier,
14	program, and trying to look at accountability for managers,	14	because a lot of that is promotion from within. All of our
15	holding them accountable for affirmative action within their	15	promotions at Bank One are posted internally before we ever
16	work units.	16	go to the outside, so we give a lot of consideration to
17	I feel we've done several things to	17	internal before the three or four progressions may happen,
18	send the message internally that we believe in this and it	18	before we get to the outside with a position.
19	is a performance issue for managers and all employees.	19	MS. MITCHELL: Your associate mentioned
20	MS. MITCHELL: I had a couple of	20	a sponsorship program, if you could you tell us about that.
21	questions I want to start out with and open it up for	21	MS. WILLIS: We call — it's a happy
22	everybody else.	22	mentoring. For example, to me it was a sponsorship program
23	You had mentioned you were experiencing	23	or voluntary matching of employees, minorities and
24	some difficulty in some job classifications of finding	24	non-minority.
25	minorities and women, can you be more specific about are	25	We wanted to keep it open, our goal of
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1	there certain technologies or certain fields where you're
2	having the difficulty?
3	MS. FOLTZ: Probably just like
4	engineers are hard to find, for the banking industry,
5	commercial lenders are what I consider the hardest to find,
6	females and minorities within that job group.
7	And that's where we focus when we were
8	doing local recruitment efforts, that's where we focused our
9	attention on college recruitment, to bring people into the
10	entry level positions and then groom them for commercial
11	lending positions down the road.
12	MS. MITCHELL: Are you finding they
13	were not there or you couldn't pay the salary or?
14	MS. FOLTZ: It tends to be a
15	combination of things. No. 1, we look for finance and
16	accounting majors for that type of a position, the technical
17	background that they would need to have, when you go on
18	campus those are not the majors that you tend to find
19	minorities in, thus that's why we started our scholarship
20	program trying to encourage more to go in that direction,
21	it's not totally limited to that, but I've talked with a lot
22	of people on campus, it just does not seem to be the
23	disciplines that minorities move towards.
24	And then when you do find one and start
25	to groom them they get picked off very quickly, because

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course was to try to increase the familiarity and the
      knowledge of minority employees from one line of business to
      one area to another, so that there would be more opportunity
      when there's a position over here maybe in commercial
      lending that someone might think maybe someone over in the
       retail line would be a good fit, just to try to get some
       cross knowledge and trust levels to increase, trust levels
       and comfort levels.
                             So it was voluntary for both sides, the
       mentors as well as the - we call it the mentees to
       participate in it and then set up whatever meeting schedule
       that they wanted to have with the understanding that both
       parties have responsibilities to make the relationship work,
       to gain some value from it.
                             We cover the mentees to ask the kind of
       questions, find out the inner story, the inner workings,
       questions maybe you don't want to ask your manager, because
       you're unsure about, that's okay talk to your mentor about
       those kinds of things.
                             So you learn the organization a little
       better, kind of the inside track of things.
                             MS. MITCHELL: Have you seen successes
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       come from that?
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                             MS. WILLIS: I think we have, it's hard
       to measure that and be real specific. We don't have that
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1	particular program I'm speaking of in place any more,	1	MS. FOLTZ: As a bank we're subject to	
2	because that was an across the board program.	2	EEO audits that helps drive you to be sure your numbers look	
3	Now it's a little bit more defined when	3	good. I'm not sure who else is subject to that, but I	
4	we have management training programs like in the retail line	4	certainly know that that is certainly something that is in	
5	where they are kind of locked up with somebody to be again	5	the back of our minds at times that that's where the things	
6	- not a true mentor, but someone to show them the ropes and	6	would be produced.	
7	to be able to talk to and those kinds of things, but I	7	The other thing in back, without my	
8	believe we've had success with it.	8	glasses i can't see your name, that shows my age, but you	
9	MS. JURKIEWICZ: What kind of	9	know it also depends on how much turnover you have in	
10	professional jobs do you have at Bank One?	10	certain areas too.	
11	MS. FOLTZ: We have branch manager,	11	And so I have, you know, probably 20 or	
12	banking office manager positions, the commercial lending	12	less commercial lenders out of my 2,000 - close to 2,000,	
13	positions, I'm trying to think of the ones we would have the	13	and very little tumover there. So it's still like finding	
14	highers numbers of in our operational areas, our call	14	a needle in a haystack	
15	centers, we would have managers and supervisors, we have 11	15	When I do supervisors, you know, I	
16	sales positions within our card division.	16	don't know what the numbers would be, but it would be a	
17	MS. JURKIEWICZ: What's the minority	17	larger number, and the skill set, the technical skill sets	
18	percentages in those positions?	18	they have to have to do the job is less than the commercial	
19	MS. FOLTZ: I didn't bring it for	19	lender, because that's the highest technical skill someone	
20	positions, I brought it across the board.	20	would have to have to come in and do a job in our	
21	MS. JURKIEWICZ: Does that include	21	organization.	
22	everybody across the board when you say that?	22	So in general traditional banks versus	
23	MS. FOLTZ: Yes, each of our lines of	23	well, I know I guess if I moved down the road I also have	
24	business, it does it's 17 percent for all officials and	24	responsibility for the Cincinnati market, and it's very much	
25	managers, officials and managers are at 20 percent,	25	different because it's banking offices and commercial	
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professionals are at 14 percent across the board and the combination of the two came to 17 percent.

Overall our minority population for the

whole bank is 36 percent. But within, I mean we do have minority and female commercial lenders, and in the sales area, for example, and our card business, I think we have representation pretty much everywhere.

Would we like more? Yes. I mean, I'm always striving for more or we wouldn't have gotten to where we are, I don't think.

MS. JURKIEWICZ: Do you have those statistics broken down as far as perhaps in commercial lending and sales, branch manager?

13 MS. FOLTZ: We didn't bring those with 14

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16 MS. JURKIEWICZ: Could you get them for

17 us though?

18 MS, FOLTZ: Yes.

19 MR. SAVREN: Do you have any thought as

20 to where the banking industry as a whole is more conducive 21 to recruitment and retention of minorities in management 22

positions than other businesses, or perhaps the converse,

23 that it's less use of?

24 Can you make any good generalizations 25

about banking as it relates to this?

lenders and the traditional bank, the way the traditional

2 bank would look and in operations centers and others, that

areas that have grounds, we have been able to make the

4 strides, so that's why I'm telling you I think the turnover

helps to change the mix.

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If, you know, even though we want to retain our employees, when you have turnover you have opportunity, and every time you have opportunity you might do better and I might still never find a commercial lender or one who wants to be in the Dayton market, which is another thing that we would personally battle, just because of physically where we are that that might not be the most attractive market to do commercial lending in.

So, but, in general I think banks have always felt committed because they are subject to audits and

seem to be frequently subjected to audits.

MS. WILLIS: It makes good business

18 since, we want to reflect the community.

> MR. PEREZ: I think you have your administrators accountable, can you give an example of how you will hold them accountable?

MS. WILLIS: That was one of the things talked about and never got far, in all honesty. I think we will see more emphasis coming back to that, we attempted to make that part of the managers review and there's

1	affirmative action to say there's a lot of meat behind it	1	on, that's not the same sense of the organization and
2	would not be accurate.	2	everybody is saying the organization does not have loyalty
3	It's one of those we know we need to do	3	to them either, they are going where their skill sets take
4	that, but we haven't gotten to the point to coming up with a	4	them and they can get development opportunity, rather than
5	concrete thing.	5	if they stay inside and wait for the next internal
6	MS. FOLTZ: To support retention	6	opportunity to maybe do something different, and I believe
7	numbers, the whole picture, it's not just what did they	7	that may play a part.
8	hire, but how did they retain and work with their work force	8	MS. FOLTZ: And just being a lifelong
9	after they got them in here.	9	resident of the Dayton area I never heard ever anybody that
10	MS. WILLIS: As well as the atmosphere	10	went to the Wright Patterson Air Force Base and left to find
11	in the department, what are the interpersonal relationships	11	another job, they went there for life it sounded like.
12	in the human group there.	12	So it's things like that that I don't
13	MS. PRESLEY: I have a question around	13	think maybe the same kind of turnover that's why I went that
14	the number of hirings. You said 800 to 1,200, is that per	14	way.
15	year within the Dayton area?	15	MS. MITCHELL: I recognize it's an
16	MS. FOLTZ: Yes.	16	opinion, we'll keep it in that context. We appreciate your
17	MS. PRESLEY: Out of that group can you	17	being willing to talk with us today, and I understand all
18	give some kind of percentage of how many minorities and	18	the presenters will receive a copy of the final report when
19	women?	19	it comes out and we thank you for coming today.
20	MS. FOLTZ: I didn't bring last years	20	We'll take a 10 minute break and
21	or any one specific, I will tell you that - and the number	21	reconvene at 10 till 4:00.
22	goes up and down depending on what we're doing within that	22	(Brief recess taken.)
23	hundred to 1200.	23	MS. RAMOS: We're going to reconvene,
24	We usually run right around 50 percent	24	and welcome John Scarpelli.
25	of overall hiring for the year is minority hiring, is	25	MR. SCARPELLI: That's correct.
	150		15

1 minorities. 2 MS. MITCHELL: Any other questions? I 3 think I'm going to ask you the same question I asked our 4 last presenter, and one of the things we discovered is that 5 in the public sector, they seem to have had greater 6 successes in recruiting and retaining minorities and women 7 in management level positions, do you have an opinion as to 8 why there would be a difference in that, in those numbers or 9 successes? 10 MS. FOLTZ: This is strictly an opinion 11 on my part, because I'm not very close to any of the public 12 organizations to know well enough. 13 But just from an outsider looking at 14 it, it doesn't seem that they have the kind of turnover that 15 I might deal with, and if you're not having the turnover you 16 can't change your statistics, you know, it doesn't fluctuate 17 if your work force doesn't turn over, so I think that would 18 be one of my observations. 19 MS. WILLIS: I don't know whether this 20 has relevance because as Carol indicated I don't know much 21 about the public sector and environment there, but the 22 research that we hear about and read about is that the 23 average tenure for an employee to stay any longer is 24 somewhere between two and five years, people move more

1 MS. RAMOS: From Standard Register 2 Company, and we're happy to have you today, and if you would 3 like to do your presentation and we'll probably have a few 4 questions to follow-up with. 5 MR. SCARPELLI: Not having participated in this process before, I don't know quite what to expect, 7 so the presentation is going to be rather informal. 8 I want to talk a little bit about the 9 company, about our jobs and a little bit about the situation 10 I described as career opportunities for minority individuals 11 in our company, and maybe talk a little bit about the issue 12 in general, as well as Standard Register specifically. 13 First of all, we are a company that's 14 headquartered here in Dayton Ohio, and we are right now just 15 having gone through a major acquisition back in January. 16 We are about 9,400 employees strong, 17 located through the domestic United States. Here in Dayton 18 we have approximately 900 some odd employees between our 19 headquarters and our manufacturing operations, and our 20 business is in the area of business documents, business 21 systems. 22 We make all kinds of business forms, we 23 make all kinds of products that you can find in your offices 24 you can find. 25 We do like plastic cards, we're also in

frequently that's what Rhonda was saying, they were moving

management team on how to mentor, and what to do, what not

what we call the junk mail business, we provide services for 2 creating mail, distributing mail, and so any place you see a 3 document, commercial printing brochures, annual reports that's our business. So we're basically in the printing 4 5 business. 6 We have approximately -- oh, I'd say 7 around 25, close to 25 major printing facilities throughout 8 the United States. And then we have at least 30 what we 9 call print centers, which are small quick on demand print 10 centers where you can get a resume copied or something like 11 that. 12 And so that's what we do. As far as we have been around since the last 75 years, and in the last 10 13 14 years or so we have begun to change some of the things that 15 we do and how we do it from an internal human resource 16 development point of view, which I think impacts this 17 situation. 18 We have been a product of our past in a 19 sense of most of our management and supervisory and 20 leadership positions come by promotion and development from 21 within. 22 And so we have been a very inward 23 internally focused company with this situation. We're 24 beginning to change that specifically as we grow some of 25 these new businesses.

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2 to do, and how to understand what some of these differences 3 are and to work with that. So that's very important. 4 The other thing we are beginning to 5 look at much more are the concepts of internship, and as a 6 development tool to try and give individuals some additional 7 insight into what a business operation is about, and give 8 individuals more opportunity early on in their career, even 9 before maybe they start the informal career process. And we 10 feel that's an important part of preparation. 11 I think we, as other employers in our 12 category, have some distance to go. And I think that we -13 natural processes, natural systems that we use in human 14 resources do not result in the kind of results that we need. 15 And we need to look at different ways, 16 new ways to, as I said, develop individuals, identify 17 individuals and move people forward in the organization. 18 I don't believe for most of our career 19 entry positions that we're doing anything extraordinary or 20 not extraordinary in terms of recruiting. I think we can 21 recruit from the street. 22 I think the part that's most difficult 23 and challenging is what happens then, how do we develop 24 individuals that are in the company into positions, 25 promotable assignments, and I think that's where the

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I mentioned these print centers, this
is one of the fastest growing businesses we have, so we are
hiring more from the outside where we're even 10 years ago,
even five years ago we did not recruit management or
supervisory employees from the outside, it was all internal,
that's beginning to change.

But in taking it a step back and

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looking at the situation we still — our primary focus in terms of appointing managers, leaders, supervisors, officials is still from within, and our biggest challenge, I believe, like other employers is one of ensuring that opportunities are provided, but as importantly ensuring that development in mentoring opportunities are there.

opportunities are provided, but as importantly ensuring that development in mentoring opportunities are there.

We've come to realize that the both informal and formal mentoring is a very, very important part of what we feel needs to be done to ensure that there's a growth in opportunity, and the reason for that is that in a lot of areas a lot of groups there's a natural mentoring kind of relationship that grows on an informal basis, sometimes it does not happen in groups where you may have a minority individual or individuals and women that that's an important part of what needs to be done.

So we are focusing on a more formal kind of effort in that area to the point where we're developing right now some formal training to train our

challenge is, it's not recruiting.

I think 5, 10, 15 years ago maybe it
was recruiting, that's not the situation now, it's more,
okay, now we have the organization, we have individuals in
place, what do we do to develop these folks.
And in some cases prevent turnover, in

other cases just provide the right door open at the right time, and again I think this mentoring is a large part of it.

So what else can I tell you, we do

college recruiting, we have college relations program we're trying to develop, we recruit everything from entry level printing jobs to very skilled high level information services, I.T. kinds of positions where pretty much our only source is the recruiting or the outside technical market and that's pretty much it.

So I'll be glad to respond to any questions or if you want me to comment along certain lines I'll be glad to do that.

20 MS. MTCHELL: What percentage of your 21 administrative or professional jobs are filled externally? 22 MR. SCARPELLI: A large percent of the

professional jobs are filled externally, I'm going to estimate throughout the company approximately half, maybe a little less than half, probably a third, management jobs

1 will be significantly less than that. MR. SCARPELLI: Very rarely, we 2 A few years ago it was zero, it's 2 occasionally use a search firm. I think we did maybe two 3 probably maybe 10 percent or less, managers positions are 3 executive searches in the last 10 years for mid level 4 filled externally. The professional jobs, though, the rate 4 managers, mid to upper level managers. 5 is higher from the outside, but not much more than about a 5 In the information services area we've 6 third for that kind of position. 6 used a search on a few occasions and we used firms right 7 MS. MITCHELL: Anybody else have 7 here in town for that and it hasn't been that successful. 8 questions? 8 MS. PRESLEY: I think you've answered 9 MS. JURKIEWICZ: What type of 9 my question, though, but some of the previous individuals, 10 professional jobs do you have? 10 his company said that they are having problems because the MR. SCARPELLI: It varies, I'll say 11 11 competition out there for minorities and women, you said you 12 right now in total the jobs that we most frequently have to 12 don't seem to have a problem in your hiring; did I 13 fill would be an I.S. kind of a person or information 13 misunderstand? 14 technology professional, and that's our biggest need right 14 MR. SCARPELLI: You mean in terms of 15 15 competition for minority individuals? 16 And those positions are filled from the 16 MS. PRESLEY: Yes. 17 outside for the most part, and they are very difficult folks 17 MR. SCARPELLI: Oh, no, no. We have a 18 to find. 18 problem in hiring just like every one else has hiring any MS. JURKIEWICZ: What's the percentage 19 19 kind of position, and I don't want to understate that. 20 of minorities in those I.S. positions? 20 It used to be where we had no problem 21 MR. SCARPELLI: In our company it's up 21 of hiring a press operator or programmer or accountant or 22 probably somewhere around 23 percent, three, four percent in 22 sales rep, it was no problem, right now just hiring, filling 23 23 that position. a position is a problem. 24 MS. JURKIEWICZ: How do you - how are 24 The employment market is very, very 25 you recruiting for that type of position? 25 tough right now, I mean it's very difficult for employers. 160 158

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1 MR. SCARPELLI: Anyway we can. And by 2 that I mean literally everything from college recruiting, 3 which is not a primary source for those folks, but 4 employment agencies, advertising; you'll see advertising in 5 newspapers every Sunday, we're in it; job fairs, and we have 6 participated in some job fairs that have been mainly for 7 minority and female individuals, but any job fair that we 8 can get to that makes some sense. Employee referrals, we don't get that 10 much from that. So pretty much Internet, a lot of Internet 11 recruiting now, that's pretty much what we do for those 12 positions. 13 MS. JURKIEWICZ: Are you using any 14 minority associations? 15 MR. SCARPELLI: Yes, we have both 16 formally and informally, we've done that on some college 17 campuses. We haven't found that to be that successful, but also on the other hand I don't know that we've cultivated it 18 19 and that takes some time. 20 We've had some success at some job 21 fairs that had been designed for that purpose, but I don't 22 believe we've really tapped into or cultivated some of those 23 other sources. 24 MS. MITCHELL: Do you search, use 25 search firms at all?

1 The competition is very, very powerful also, and we've had 2 some turnover, I'm not saying it's out of the ordinary, some turnover that we've had that's affected us with both minority and women professionals who are managers has been partially a result of the competition, and where head 6 hunters would come in and naturally the question is we 7 recruit, but that's a very competitive part of the 8 employment market very, very much so. MS. MITCHELL: Any other questions? We 10 thank you very much for being willing to talk with us today, 11 and I understand you will receive a copy of the report once 12 It's formalized. 13 MS. RAMOS: Nice meeting you, thank you 14 very much. 15 MS. MITCHELL: Our next presenter is -16 we have a panel of Jessie Gooding, President of the Dayton 17 NAACP, Willie Walker, President of the Dayton Urban League, 18 and Alexander Luque, who is President of the Hispanic 19 Chamber of Commerce. You can go in any order you so choose. 20 MR. GOODING: My name is Jesse Gooding, 21 I'm president of the NAACP for Montgomery County, Dayton, 22 Ohio. 23 As you know we are a volunteer 24 organization, been around for like 89 years, and still going 25 at about 2,200 chapters throughout the United States. Of

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1	course I'm here to talk about the Dayton area.	1	affiliates as we call them, in the State of Ohio, one of
2	We have about approximately 500	2	114 affiliates across the United States.
3	complaints per year with our tier organization, 66 percent	3	Our national headquarters are in New
4	of them deal with employment.	4	York, we are located in 34 states and the District of
5	And most of the complaints are in the	5	Columbia.
6	area of under-employed termination, harassment on the job,	6	Our primary business is to work in the
7	alleged discrimination, termination before their so-called	7	area of employment assistance, and also youth development.
8	probationary period is over, maybe one day before, whether	8	We have an array of 11 programs, about six of those programs
9	90 days or 30 days.	9	focusing primarily on employment, and the other four
10	This is inclusive of every kind of	10	focusing on some areas of youth development.
11	corporation that you can find that, and bankers, the big	11	We did not get into youth employment as
12	industries, small business, federal government, local	12	such, if we do that kind of a happenstance or if things -
13	government, hospitals, social agencies, you name it, we get	13	major opportunities may crop up our major thrust is adult
14	complaints from them. Some of the complaints are in our	14	employment.
15	opinion have merit, some don't.	15	We place somewhere in the area of about
16	We are able to negotiate approximately	16	500 people a year. I have some information here for you in
17	40 percent successfully. And what I mean by that you go to	17	capsule, our last annual report, one is available, covers
18	x-company, and say we got a complaint, the business is	18	`95, `96, and then I have a prepared statement that I'm not
19	willing to sit down and talk about it and give us some kind	19	going to read, but I'll leave for you.
20	of resolution, I won't say a solution, but some kind of	20	But there are some things that I would
21	resolution to that complaint. We find that positive.	21	like to capsule or at least focus on employment. The
22	There are some complaints that we deal	22	subject matter of looking at employment opportunity here in
23	with the companies or even some government agencies are real	23	Montgomery County area for minorities, I'd like to reference
24	obstinate and what I mean by that is non-negotiable.	24	a couple of reports that there was a report put out by
25	When you find the agencies that are	25	Wright State University, and the University of Dayton that
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2	these things are really not a lot like the Ohio Civil Rights
3	Commission, the EEO offices for the federal government, they
4	are doing less than what we feel that they should be doing
5	in order to find resolutions to problems that these 500
6	folks come by to see us with.
7	I don't knowwhether it's political or
8	undesirable in these agencies to carry out what I think is
9	their responsibility.
10	For example, we had a good 11 to 46 in
11	dealing with federal folks at one time and it was halfway
12	working and in recent years it has went down to the point
13	that it's just a kind of a figure head organization, they
14	are really doing the least that they can.
15	We don't have the subpoena power, but most
16	of us have fairly decent negotiation skills in trying to
17	find resolution to these type of problems that we run in as
18	far as employment is concerned.
19	Thank you much.
20	MS. MITCHELL: Thank you. I think
21	we'll hear from all the presenters and we can ask questions
22	at the end.
23	MR. WALKER: My name is Willie Walker,

responsible for who has subpoena power and summons for doing

1 was released in March of this year and it talked about the 2 fact that there was 48,000 jobs unfilled in the Miami Valley 3 4 Later in April there was a special 5 series of reports by the Dayton Daily News entitled Children 6 of the Dream, and there was one particular article talked 7 about unemployment, no jobs, few prospects, which spoke of 8 the chronic unemployment among blacks in the Dayton and 9 Springfield area. 10 And talked about the fact that since 11 the 1960's, the rate has consistently been at least double 12 and sometimes triple the rate of whites unemployment rate 13 for blacks. 14 1995, the latest statistics that we 15 have available the rate for blacks is 12 percent as compared 16 to whites would be 3.9 percent. 17 Now, this is a little dip from what it 18 was in the 1990 census. 1990 census the rate was somewhere 19 around 13 percent, 13.5 percent for blacks compared to a 20 rate of 4.8 percent for whites. Black males, the rate was 21 15 percent, black females the rate was about 12.2 percent. 22 Now, we think basically that there have 23 been a lot of strides of blacks in the area of higher 24 education, many blacks have been able to take advantage of a 25 lot of jobs that's been available out there, however, when

President of the Urban League. The Urban League is part of

the national organization, one of 12 organizations,

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1	you look at that and compare it with individuals that have
2	not had the advantage of the advance training for the
3	education the picture is a lot more bleak.
4	The Dayton area, this area has
5	undergone a lot of transformations into technology. We lost
6	a lot of manufacturing jobs, there's a lot of other areas
7	in the Midwest, and that shift has created major problems
8	for minorities, especially in the areas of technology.
9	And looking at even those individuals
0	that have had an opportunity to go on to school there has
1	not been any opportunity where you've made and closed that
2	gap, that gap is even getting worse as we move along.
3	One of the major things that I like for
4	you to give some consideration to, the employment
5	opportunities are not in the Standard Registers as John
6	Scarpelli talked about prior or General Motors, or even
7	Mead, which is some of the companies that have large
8	presence here.
9	The job opportunities are in small
20	businesses, and therein lies a problem. Small businesses
21	traditionally have not hired black applicants, they've been
22	almost lily white, most instances.
23	Small businesses also are entities that
24	are not covered by most of the affirmative action rules, I
25	mean they escape that, I mean the rules kind of say if you

1 think that we need to continue and then look at some 2 national system of school to work transition programs. 3 We need to look at city and suburban 4 partnerships that would lead to better transportation 5 systems that would permit inner city persons to go outside 6 of the city. 7 Certainly we need to look at public and 8 private partnerships where there are opportunities of 9 internships. 10 Now, John Scarpelli talked a little bit 11 about internships at Standard Register, but I would like to 12 lower the internships where they are at the middle school 13 level, so relationships are formed prior to any students 14 even reaching the high school level and even getting off 15 into college. 16 I think you form and establish the kind 17 of relationships and the kind of mentoring at least that 18 will help students and help their families create the kind 19 of career goals that allow their students and their children 20 to be successful. 21 I want to thank you for this 22 opportunity and I'm available to answer any questions you 23 might have. 24 MS. MITCHELL: Thank you. 25 MR. LUQUE: My name is Alexander Luque,

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2	by these rules.
3	Those are things that I would like for
4	the Commission, the advisory Commission to give
5	consideration to and make special note as you look and
6	prepare your report.
7	Other things that I would like and as
8	contained in the report, too, I think I have enough copies
9	for all of you, you may have to kind of share on a couple of
10	things.
11	There are different things that I think
12	could be done. We certainly can get around the areas of
13	good schooling, education, we certainly know that that will
14	do a lot to erase and close the gap.
15	I think we have to look at the whole
16	area of equity and financing in the school systems, we
17	certainly have to look at highly qualified teachers being
18	more equitably distributed in these local school systems.
19	You can't have, for example, an Oakwood
20	that would have all of the fruits, and Dayton or a Trotwood
21	or Jefferson Township that would not have the advantages of
22	having a lot of the opportunity.

were at an employment level of such that you're not covered

1	I'm president of the greater Dayton Hispanic Chamber of
2	Commerce. Our organization was established in 1992, and by
3	comparison to some of the other organizations we are a very
4	young and very small organization, because the Hispanic
5	population here in the Miami Valley and Dayton area is a
6	really small minority within the minority.
7	We really - to give you an example,
8	some specific numbers, our organization is part of the
9	National U.S. Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, but as a local
10	and as well as Dayton - greater Dayton Chamber of Commerce
11	Miami Valley - but as an organization our membership
12	consists of 12 to 15 businesses, and we also represent 60 to
13	66 individual affiliates and associate members that are not
14	business owners, that are Hispanic in heritage, but that
15	work either in Hispanic or in a company that is owned by a
16	non Hispanic.
17	We really serve as a contact as a
18	clearing center of organizations for all the national issues
19	with our loyal members. We do networking and promote the
20	interest of Hispanic business owners, but we don't address a
21	lot of the issues that the other co-presenters here have
22	addressed.
23	Whether it's because of the small
24	numbers and the reasonably young character of our
25	organization, we have not had to deal with or are we a

improve the whole child care and family policies that would

help to re-enforce the learning systems in school, and I

We certainly have to do things to

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1 clearinghouse for any specific client or serving as 1 mean it's - it's not going to happen immediately. 2 clearinghouse for employment or any other services. 2 And I don't think I would - I would be 3 That really is the extent of my 3 remiss if I told you that it was going to happen tomorrow, 4 presentation. If you have any questions I'll be happy to 4 you know, even if somebody said that, look, I've got these 5 answer. 5 10 jobs at Reynolds, got these thousand jobs at Reynolds. 6 MS. RAMOS: Do we have any other 6 500 jobs at Reynolds, and we are going to guarantee that we 7 questions? I think it's really interesting you brought up 7 are going to hire 250 of them black and females, but they 8 the figure of 48,000 jobs that went unfilled and we're have to meet these certain qualifications to come in on 8 9 sitting here listening to businessmen say they can't find 9 those jobs. 10 anyone to fill positions. 10 That would be an impossible task, 11 One of the things that has surfaced for 11 because one, anyone with those qualifications is already 12 me is education and lack of skilled education for 12 working and doing well, and you don't have enough 13 individuals, are any of you addressing that situation of 13 individuals trained in those areas. 14 qualified - I should say candidates for jobs, are you 14 Now, I think that there are a couple of 15 contacted throughout your organizations for potential job 15 things you might want to look at and I think some of the 16 placement, what are you doing about that? 16 companies are beginning to look at it now. MR. GOODING: A lot of times qualified 17 17 There is a lot of barriers being set up 18 is a nebulous term. A lot of these folks that we get these 18 artificially by many of the companies, one saying that you 19 complaints from are well qualified, some are even with 19 need a bachelors degree in such and such to do this 20 higher degrees, but they are still having difficulty in 20 particular job, and that's not always the case. 21 obtaining positions that these are not just the plain old -21 When you start looking at the skill 22 I mean not all of them, but a lot of them are, we get even 22 sets you find that you may not need a bachelor degree, you 23 engineers who having difficulty, scientists having 23 may need a little training beyond the high school level, or 24 difficulty, for example, to come to mind, one of the major 24 a two year degree and associate level in one of the 25 companies around here an engineer, lady engineer was in, it 25 community colleges.

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1 was a couple of weeks, she's having problems. 2 See we slide over these things in a lot 3 of situations where they use cliches to slide over Afro-Americans. I'm not putting any water - cold water on a need for additional education, we need additional 6 education, but what I'm saying that does not - that's not the whole crutch of the problem, the problem is - some of 8 the problem is just plain old discrimination. MS. MITCHELL: I was going to ask you 10 to talk more specifically about the barriers that you think 11 minorities face in getting employment and really interested 12 in not only the entry level employment picture, but the 13 officials and managers in your administrative positions.

smaller companies, but we would like to hear each of your thoughts on that.

MR. WALKER: One thing I would like to

I think you eluded to some of it being

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say that is when you take a good look at the barriers are multiple, this report that I talked about that I reference is available. The 48,000 jobs, you take a good look at the type of jobs having the people to match what is being sought is very difficult.

I mean how can you make up for the lack
of education and training in such a short time to fill jobs
that are immediately out there, it's impossible to do. I

Some of the companies here that I'm
aware of right now have dropped some of their requirements
from bachelor degree level to associates degree level and
have even dropped from associates degree levels down to
having some college or some special training.

And some have even gone to the point

7 now, and this is because of the labor issue too, the supply
8 of saying we will take you in in an entry level, pay you
9 entry level wage and then pay your tuition to go on to
10 school. You come in on a morning shift, you go to school in
11 the afternoon, or you work the second shift and you go to
12 school in the morning.

Now, some of the — we have a large tool and die need here in this area, and some of the tool and die machinists areas are publishing and advertising in the daily papers that what I've just said his on that level.

Transportation is an issue, most of the jobs being located outside of the center city certainly
cannot help, but repeat again the fact that a lot of the machinists jobs that I just now talked about are in small shops, and they are not covered by any law.

So you have good old boy, good old girl networks, most of the time it's just good old boy networks, it's not the good old girls network, but good old boys network going on in a lot of these companies. An

Andrea a management of the first and and a state of a s

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opportunity to crack those ceilings or move some of those
barriers has been very difficult.
You asked about some of the training we
do, some training at the League, it is more so an
association with the local hospitals.
We have a program called Allied Health
Training Program we set up a number of years ago with all of
the major hospitals, Miami Valley, the base hospital, VA
Center, Good Sam, Franciscan System, and one of the things
that I wanted to remark about that program is probably had
the highest placement rate of any programs that we've had
that we operate, and it's also at the highest retention.
One of the key ingredients about that
is that the program had a good advisory board, a very active
advisory board of employers from these institutions who
helped to recruit, interview and screen the trainees, and
they came in and taught some of the classes, they interacted
with JTPA to help remove some of the barriers there.
We had a minimum reading level that we
had to have individuals to possess coming into the program.
We had to make sure that the training institutions were
sending the right clients and that they could be successful
in going through the program.
And then these individuals interned in
the hospitals, and they were hired by many of the hospitals,

	can take a person vaut night school, vaut a pretty good
2	background in high school and fit most of these jobs, if
3	they are given that opportunity to get that OJT training.
4	MS. MITCHELL: One of the big questions
5	we were looking at today was why the public sector seemed to
6	be doing a better job at recruiting and retaining minorities
7	and women than the private sector, and that maybe part of
8	it's I know in the public sector typically unless you're a
9	professional, positions where you need licenses, degrees
10	aren't required to substitute with the equivalent
11	experience.
12	MR. GOODING: I was looking at Jim
13	Francis when you stated that because in a way I take
14	exception to that. The government agencies they have their
15	problems, they have real problems.
16	Now, whether it's federal or state or
17	county, whatever, in terms of they are no Martin Luther
18	Kings, I'll tell you that.
19	MS. MITCHELL: I wasn't suggesting
20	that, I said a better job is —
21	MR. GOODING: We have problems with the
22	State, let me start at the top, feds, the state, the county
23	the local governments, in terms of maintaining minorities.
24	We still got those lily white allies in government, whether
25	it's feds or state or on down the line.

	and be been also and the morphisms, the test of the same of
2	ladders, that is an example and it is nothing but a school
3	to work, that's all it is.
4	It's a school to work program that is
5	not at a high school level, but at an adult level and
6	individuals that make up that population are public aid
7	recipients that have not been working for a long time in
8	their life. Many of the individuals were in their late
9	20's, mid to late 30's, mostly female.
10	MR. GOODING: I truly concur with what
11	Willie has said, specifically in the terms of establishing
12	the standards for the jobs.
13	A lot of times the standard is

those people are still in the hospitals, moved up career

established in a way that does not fit, it does not fit the job, it's kind of a deterrent selecting who they want to select for the job, similar to what they did in Mississippi back in the early days in terms of how people, you know, you have to count the number of bubbles in the soap before you can put it in the water. That's similar, not what - but similar

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to some of the things to how they established standards. We find that what we call OJT, on the job training will fit most of the jobs if given the opportunity. We find that attitudes being a lot, you

1 They may be doing a better job, but 2 it's so minute, private industry, in my opinion, has moved forward compared to way back, quite put prudently, in terms 3 4 as of not good, but they have moved forward. The government agencies we still fight them every day trying to improve the minority and we find 6 this also specifically the federal agencies as a revert, they are going in the other direction as far as minorities are concerned. 10 We find that with the State, counties 11 and cities, they are less, they are more or less on a kind 12 of an even keel, you know, they are kind of at a stand still is the word I should use. 13

MS. RAMOS: We heard about different intern programs, apprenticeship perhaps and I wondered is the Chamber ever contacted about some of the opportunities 17 for workers in these internship programs, students in internship programs, workers for apprenticeships, anything like that? MR. LUQUE: I've been the president of

22 I served in other officers capacities on the Board of 23 Directors, to the best of my knowledge, no, sir we have not 24

this organization for going on two years now, prior to that

been contacted for, am I aware through my younger officers 25 and predecessors speakers expressed that there has been any

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1 contact for any training, education, or for that matter to 2 even fill in any job position. 2 3 The one clear example that - instant 3 that I remember, because it's the one and only, is that Bank One contacted us within the last two weeks and only looking 5 5 6 specifically for people that would have bilingual 6 capability, so they were looking for a specific person, an 8 individual that could serve with their international banking 8 or helping foreign depositors that would be or businesses 9 10 that would be coming into the area wanting to do business 10 11 with them. 11 12 Where the ability to speak a second 12 13 language in this case, Spanish, obviously was the key, and 13 the one and only thing aside from any other training or any 14 14 15 other knowledge that they might have to have to discharge 15 their capacity, if they were cashiers or auditors or CPA's 16 16 17 or public relations people, what they were looking for. 17 MS. MITCHELL: Were you able to help 18 18 19 them with it? 19 20 MR. LUQUE: I pass along the request to 20 21 two or three other individuals that I knew of, but I don't 21 22 know that anything ever come up for it. 22 23 MR. GOODING: I would like to go back 23 24 to the government thing. 24 25 MS. MITCHELL: I must have hit a nerve 25

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knowledge of how you formed this position? MR. GOODING: I formed this position because we refer a lot of our cases. MS. RAMOS: Mr. Gooding, could you please speak into the microphone. MR. GOODING: I'm sorry, very sorry. We refer a lot of our cases to agencies like the Ohio Civil Rights agencies, which in case - which in turn some of them will refer them to organizations like EEOC. The number of cases that we refer to like the Ohio Civil Rights Commission, I'm just using them as an example, everything - almost everything, most of the cases you get back no probable cause, no probable cause, and then in our opinion a lot of these cases have merit, it seems that they are using a rubber stamp to say no probable cause. MS. RAMOS: Mr. Gooding, I work two hats, the Ohio Civil Rights hat as the Commission, and we've discussed this in part too, and I understand what you're saying. I think what we found even when we sense, and that includes even our directors and investigators, we know there's discrimination, we know what has happened, but it's the preponderance of evidence that we must prove that really stumbles us. We have found discrimination many times

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or something.

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MR. GOODING: Right at the present time
we are trying to improve the employment of police and fire
within the City of Dayton, the county, because we have the
we don't have the representation.
It does bother me the fact that people

get the perception that the government is doing better than industry is, they are not.

9 MS. RAMOS: Clifford, you had a

10 question.

11 MR. SAVREN: Yes, it was to Mr.

Gooding, it relates in part to what you are saying now and what you said earlier, I can't quote you verbatim, I want to clarify what you said, essentially I think you made a very

serious charge there are state and federal agencies set up
 to combat discrimination in employment and other areas are

17 not doing their job and essentially attempting to do only

18 the minimum that's required of them, did I accurately

19 paraphrase?

20 MR. GOODING: You accurately stated

21 what I said.

22 MR. SAVREN: Would you agree it's a

23 serious charge?

24 MR. GOODING: It is very serious.
25 MR. SAVREN: Can you give some

now has become more subliminal, a little easier to cover up,

2 and with the restrictions we have in our law, it is more

3 difficult to prove it even though within ourselves know and

4 it's a frustrating thing to sit there and say I know darn

5 well this guy did it, but we can't prove it, and I think

6 that's unfortunately is a shortcoming within maybe the laws

7 or rules that we have to live by.

8 MR. GOODING: Well, of course in our 9 situation it is our conclusion that a lot of times that

10 whether if an investigator from these agencies, because they

11 have subpoena power, they can go out and say check Willie

12 Walker's records and if Willie Walker is not doing the job,

13 I mean these allegations made by these folks, they can

correlate these allegations and they don't do it.

15 They don't do it, and they are not

going to provide them to us, because we don't have subpoena power, but they will provide them to these agencies that has this subpoena power and that's the problem, part of the

19 problem, so that's my serious charge.

20 MS. RAMOS: I have a question for Mr.

21 Luque. Does the city furnish any statistics on Hispanic
 22 employment, on Hispanic – we had OFCCP here for contract

23 compliance, do you have any statistics for this area within

24 your chamber?

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MR. LUQUE: No, I don't.

1 MS. RAMOS: Are you furnished any - do 1 anything specific, she did mention Urban League. 2 you have any or you just don't have any? 2 MR. WALKER: I don't have anything 3 MR, LUQUE: We really haven't asked for 3 specific, I can get information and share it with you if you 4 any, but none has been offered. 4 5 MS. MITCHELL: Mr. Walker. 5 MR. CHOI: Mr. Walker and Mr. Gooding. 6 MR. WALKER: I had a comment to make. 6 we know very well this particular region of Ohio is a very 7 The very group that you're collecting information for is 7 tough, tough area for minorities, just one good example 8 really where it emanates from, the federal level. 8 every Christmas time all this white Ku Klux that brings the 9 All of these changes in the law, the 9 white cross in Cincinnati Square, Fountain Square and 10 Supreme Court decisions, have made the fact that you have to 10 there's something going on in this region, no question about 11 have so much information, you have to be able to prove this 11 12 in certain cases, has created such a barrier that 12 And Alex Luque and myself as an 13 individuals that are being discriminated against rightfully 13 architect, when we go to Sinclair College they say you 14 14 so have good charges, have become frustrated enough that belong to 15 percent, that means we're not give you any 15 15 they won't even bring it up, as a matter of fact. project, we'll give you 10 percent, if we give white Now, these things have created serious 16 majority architects work for us, they don't always say that. 16 17 17 barriers and have allowed those employers that desire not to When we go to Wright Patterson we are 18 play fair to have just the open playing field, I mean they 18 not going to hire minority architects, because they give us 19 are just operating and working without any feelings or any 19 headache, they openly say that. 20 MR. WALKER: They say that at Wright 20 problems of being called on the carpet or anything. 21 And we talked a little bit about that 21 Pat? 22 22 MR. CHOI: Of course, that's the kind with the small businesses, you asked a question earlier that 23 23 never got answered about managers, in areas where I found of world we're living in in this area, very, very tough. 24 24 where companies have done well in the affirmative area, even Under work we can all bring this some way to improve and

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make better living place in this country is a big test.

been pushed from the top all the way down to the managers, 1 2 it was all through the system, whoever was the director, the 3 head, if it was on the base, if the general said that we 4 wanted this done, and he made sure that he held the office 5 of personnel, a civilian personnel to task on it and then 6 carried it all the way through the manager it got done. 7 Same thing happens if you're in the 8 company, if it's a part of the manager or the director's 9 responsibility they are going to be evaluated on it, then it's going to get done, they are going to find ways to find 10 11 people that they can bring in, they are going to be creative 12 to come up with programs that will fit their guidelines, it 13 is a matter of effort and sensitivity on their part. MS. RAMOS: Do we have any other 14 15 questions? 16 MS. JURKIEWICZ: The representative 17 from Monarch Marketing had indicated that its working with 18 the Urban League, Mr. Walker, do you have anything to say on 19 that? MR. WALKER: We work with a lot of 20 21 organizations, Monarch Marketing may be one of the entities 22 we're working with, yes, they have a good presence out in 23 Miamisburg and also I think they have an entity through one

when you're talking about government and so forth, it has

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And this hearing will help some fact 1 2 findings and hope we can bring some edge to show that we are 3 really living tough place in this country. 4 MR. WALKER: You know the only time we 5 found where you get some relief is when you got a situation 6 where it's consumer sensitive, and I'm saying the fact that 7 my dollar is the same and you create a situation where that 8 money can travel somewhere else, and that you say that to 9 the individuals along there, then, you find some willingness 10 to listen and some willingness to find ways, but in areas 11 where you find that that's not so easy to arrange, it is 12 very difficult unless you have a commitment from top, and 13 there's sensitivity at the chairman or CEO's level and moving it down further with the managers and managers that 14 15 are being held responsible. 16 MR. GOODING: I certainly agree with 17 you. For a classic example, at the beginning when they 18 first brought 112.46, that's an executive order that you 19 could utilize it and get some resolutions, but after they 20 watered it down so bad, it's just a piece of executive order 21 sitting there that you can find loop holes in it for what I 22 say violates my rights, so. And white folks didn't do it all, some 23 black folks helped rewrite it to the point that it got to be 24

where it was almost nebulous in terms of executive orders,

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MS. JURKIEWICZ: I wondered if you had

of their mergers in Huber Heights.

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but at the beginning when the guy who first wrote that order, it had teeth in it, and you could get things done, you can't now. MS. RAMOS: Any more questions? If not we'd like to thank you for coming down, it's been a very interesting day, very educational day for all of us hearing what the conditions have been told us and some of the things we hear from you are not quite the same story, if we all work together there are more opportunities. They were talking about the labor statistics unemployment at 3.8, and you know that sounds relatively low, but I guess you've got people out there unemployed that don't have an opportunity at all. We thank you very much for coming. You will be provided with copies of the report after it's all finally put together, but it takes a long process, but it will come about. We're now in public session, and I don't believe we have anyone that will address us, so with that we'll adjourn the meeting. (Thereupon the Hearing was adjourned.) CERTIFICATE I, Cheryl D. Edwards, do certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter before the Ohio Advisory Council to the United States Commission on Civil Rights, on Thursday, June 11, 1998, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Chervi D Edwards Professional Court Reporter.

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