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VIRGINIA ADVISORY COMMITTEE

TO THE UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

HOLIDAY INN-WATERSIDE, PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA

August 19, 1985

1:38 p.m.

Business Agenda

Business Agenda
Introductory remarks Benjamin Bostic, Chairman, VAC
Welcoming remarks James W. Holley, III, Mayor of Porstmouth and member of VAC
Commission/Committee Matters
Update: Advisory Committee Reports Wanda Hoffman, Civil Rights Analyst, MARO
Report on Chairperson's Conference Carlyle C. Ring, Jr., presented by John I. Binkley
North Dakota Advisory Committee Letter on Grove City Benjamin R.Bostic, Chairman, VAC
Selection of Subcommittees
Discussion: Ftture Meetings/Activities/Dates35
Overview of Afternoon Forum
K-Minute brest

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## APPEARANCES:

Benjamin R. Bostic, Chairman
Jsmes W. Holley, III, Member, VAC
Curtis W. Harris, Member, VAC
Timothy G. O'Rourke, Member, VAC
Charles H. Krumbein, Member, VAC
Dr. Dao Thi Hoi, Member, VAC
Naomi D. Zeavin, Member, VAC
Carlyle C. Rigg, Member, VAC
Jessie M. Rattley, Member, VAC

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## 1 PROCEEDINGS

MR. BOSTIC: Good afternoon. My name is

Benjamin Bostic, and I chair of the Virginia Advisory

Committee to the U.S. Civil Rights Commission.

As you know, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights has an Advisory Committee such as our Virginia Advisory Committee in each of the states and the District of Columbia. Members serve without compensation for a two-year period. The current Virginia Advisory Committee was appointed by the Commissioners in April 1985.

At our first meeting in Leesburg on May 17, 1985, members decided that the Committee could best carry out its primary function of being the eyes and ears of the Commission at the state level by holding meetings in various parts of the state. Today we're meeting in Portsmouth where Dr. James Holley, who is a member of our Committee is the mayor.

Before introducing other members of the Committee and the Commission staff for the Mid-Atlantic Regional office, I've asked Mr. Mayor if he will say a few words about Portsmouth and the Tidewater Area.

Mayor?

MAYOR HOLLEY: Thank you very much. I would like to say good afternoon and say to the members of the Virginia Advisory Committee, I extend a very warm and cordial welcome to you to the Portsmouth communitys. We're extremely pleased to have your presence here. You do come to us at a very exciting time in Portsmouth's history, a long and a rich history. We are in a rekindling of the spirit here in Portsmouth, as you can see as you move around our community. Hopefully, you will get an opportunity to see some of the progress that is taking place here within the municipality within the last decade.

Much of you what you see here now is hopefully going to be the framework for a new community. It isn't often in one's lifetime that you have an opportunity to participate, and we speak specifically to the participants here today, into the rebuilding of a community. You don't do that every year; you don't do it every five years. It's probably just once in a lifetime, so we say to those participants who are here, we are extremely pleased that you have taken of your time and have an interest and a concern and you're here today to make them known

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The Committee was created as an extension of the United States Civil Rights Commission so that this would serve, as the chairman has indicated, as the eyes and ears of concerns of the citizens in the Commonwealth. As you would understand, there are committees throughout the 50 states as well as the District of Columbia.

Here in Portsmouth over the the years we've made considerable amount of progress in regards to civil rights on the rights of all citizens to enjoy a quality of life. As you would understand as in other places, also, we have not completed the task. There are a number of concerns that still rest heavily on the hearts of citizens of Portsmouth for which hopefully we will hear them being addressed this afternoon. I'm certain that this very qualified and capable Committee will be looking for resolves and answers to those concerns.

We are trying in Portsmouth in a sense to not only improve the quality of life for all of our citizens. What we would hope that would be our ultimate goal is the full rights of all citizens to

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particiate within the full part of the democratic

process.

It is interesting in Portsmouth at this time that our political structure, our legsislative branch, is in a posture of a democracy. We are going to be working extremely hard to not only show to the municipality and all of its citizens, but to this region and to this Commonwealth and to this nation that it does work a democracy. You see evidence of it here.

I am very pleased to note in the audience that two members of the Portsmouth City Council are with us at this time, and I'll take this moment to introduce them to you. We have with us the honorable L. Louise Lucas, member of the council, and we also with us the Reverend Ben Beeman, the Honorable Ben Beeman, a member of the council. Thank you both for being present here.

Let me just assure you that we have invited over a 150 citizens to participate in this full afternoon of discussion of concern for Virginians. We want to improve certainly our record in the Commonwealth. We would hope that out of this will come something of some substance which will bare fruit for

So it is on behalf of my office of mayor, members of the city council, our management team, the Portsmouth partnership, and all of its citizens which we collectively refer to as "The Portsmouth Family," we welcome you. We hope that your dialogues will be fruitful, that there will be a very open and positive exchange of views and ideas and that you will at this time, besides gleaning what are the concerns and hopefully what the solutions may be, you will also make and establish some new friendships.

Thank you so much for this opportunity.

(Applause).

MR. BOSTIC: Thank you, Mr. Mayor, and for that great wellcoming. Now, that we are assured of our welcome in the Portsmouth area, I would like to introduce other members of the Virginia Advisory Committee. Reverend Harris is not here at this time.

MRS. HOFFMAN: He's on his way.

MR. BOSTIC: He's from Hopewell. Dr.

Dao Thi Hoi of Springfield; Mr. Charles Krumbein of

Richmond, Mr. Jeffrey Norris of Reston is not here;

Mr. Timothy O'Rourke from Charlottesville is not here.

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1	MRS. HOFFMAN: He's on his way.
2	MR. BOSTIC: Ms. Jessie Rattley of
3	Newport News; Mr. Carlyle Ring who is on his way, and
4	Ms. Naomi D. Zeavin from Falls Church.
5	We also have commission members staff
6	from the Mid-Atlantic Regional Office, and they are Mr.
7	John Binkley, who is the new Regional Director of the
8	Mid-Atlantic Regional Office. Some of you might
9	remember Mr. Ed Rutledge. Mr. Binkley replaced Mr. Ed
10	Rutledge who met with us in Leesburg. We have Mrs.
11	Wanda Hoffman, the Civil Rights analyst, Mid-Atlantic
12	Regional Office who is also staff of the Virginia
13	Advisory Committee.
14	At this point I would like to have Mr.
15	Binkley address concerns relating to the Virginia
16	Advisory Committee. Mr. Binkley.
17	MR. BINKLEY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,
18	Mr. Mayor: it's an honor to have his honor with us as
19	both a wellcoming person and also as a member of our
20	State Advisory Committee and we are pleased that he
21	could be with us this afternoon. My remarks are going
55	to be brief.
23	We have a lot of work to cover and a lot

This portion is kind of a business session and you're welcome as the public to overhear what we have to say and discuss. Most of my remarks are more directed toward the members of the Committee who are present, but I want to take this opportunity and hope later to meet some of you in breaks and discuss with you some of the issues you are going to bring before us, to thank you in advance for your coming to the meeting and sharing with us the issues and concerns you have for this which in preparing myself.

I'll admit I'm not too well prepared; I found out this metropolitan area comprises one-fifth of the total population of the state of Virginia, so there is a lot of people here; there are a lot of issues and a lot of problems, and we want to help you if we can in anyway, if you help us to work with the state and with the national commission in our role with the State Advisory Committee.

Before I was appointed to this position as director of Mid-Atlantic Regional Office, which comprises five states and the District of Columbia, I

I'm in the process of learning about the activities that are taking place in the six committees, and the work they're doing, and I want to say at this time I think you're very fortunate to have Wanda Hoffman as the field representative assigned to your state.

You have a person with a great deal of experience and knowledge. She's one of the hardest working most productive field representatives in the United States Commission on Civil Rights field offices and I'm proud to say that and happy to say it. Those of you who are new to the committees will learn that and those of you who have been on the Committee in the past already know that.

Wanda will bring to you the information, the experience she's had in following up to previous activities that the Committee has had under way, the

Copyright (c) 1985 All Rights Reserved 10 project on migrant labor, the Committee project on recommending to the state that there be a state law on civil rights based on a conference held last year as well as getting under way with the new activities, like the one we're here today in this meeting. There's been a meeting held in Leesburg. There is this one and perhaps the chairman will speak about this more later.

I don't want to take away some of your planned comments. We plan probably four meetings of this nature around the state to acquaint the new Committee members and the former ones with issues and also too bring to the communities some of the ideas and the information that the Committee may share with you and work with you in the period of time in the state.

At this time I don't have any particular comments to bring to the Committee, any specific remarks, either program-wise or procedurally. I would ask that each of you, when you have the opportunity to review again, if you haven't already done and if you haven't, again, the State Advisory Handbook which provides a lot of information for procedures, steps to be taken, the type of work to be undertaken and how it can be undertaken.

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If you have any questions of me, I'll be happy to try to answer them and, if you have any comments, I'll be glad to hear those, and if one of your Committee members, Mr. Ring, from Alexandria, doesn't get here for later on in the agenda, I understand I have been drafted to give you a brief report of the National State Advisory Chairperson's Conference which was held in late June in Washington. Without further taking of your time, I will thank you again for the opportunity to be here and wish you luck in your work and will be present for anything you would like to talk with me during breaks and that sort of thing.

(Applause).

MR. BOSTIC: Thank you, sir. Before I hear from Wanda, I would like to echo Mr. Binkley's comments with reference to Mrs. Hoffman's tremendous strength, insight and support. She's definitely one of the hardest working persons I've had the privilege of working with in many, many years. Now we will hear from Mrs. Hoffman and bring us up to date on many matters.

MRS. HOFFMAN: After that I don't think

appreciate your your remarks. Thank you.

I want to do two things right now. I just want to report on the progress that has been made on two reports that have been prepared by the previous Virginia Advisory Committee. The May 17 meeting in Leesburg was the occasion for the release of the migrant and seasonal farm workers report. This has received media attention. You may have seen it in both the Richmond and Norfolk papers. In fact, the reporter from Norfolk made the trip all the way to Leesburg to cover that meeting.

Following the release of the migrant report, the committee chairperson and several other members and I went to Richmond to deliver that report to Secretary Diener and Secretary Fisher in Richmond.

As a result of having received that report, Secretary Diener made a trip to the Eastern Shore. She visited with people who work with migrants on a day-to-day basis, and she also met with some of the growers. As a result of that trip, our report will be forthcoming to the Virginia Advisory Committee on her findings and the recommendations that she will make

In addition, I want to report that the Migrant Seasonal Farm Workers Commission will meet in Richmond this next week on the 28th and several of us hope to attend that meeting at 10:00 o'clock in the morning. On the agenda is the migrant report and the action that has been taken by Secretary Diener, so I think that the report has had some positive results already, and I hope that we will have a report from the state agencies very soon.

The other thing I wanted to report to you is that the Commissioners of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights will probably take up another report that was prepared by the Virginia Advisory Committee at its September meeting which will probably be the first week in September.

That particular report is focused on the Virginia Advisory Committee's recommendation that a Human Rights Law and Commission be established in the Commonwealth of Virginia. We hope that report will be out very scon. We have had some interest in it from

hearing that they have. So I expect that will be

sometime before the end of October or early in November

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Rights Complaints and Enforcement in Virginia.

chairman's attending that meeting? Is that your

I would like to get some comments or at least your position. The North Dakota Advisory

Committee suggested that other state advisory

committees might want to review the Grove City decision and make their appropriate comment, as they felt, if it was in line with their thinking or if it was in

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MRS. HOFFMAN: A copy of the North

Dakota Advisory Committee letter is in the folder in

front of you with the gray folder.

Easically the North Dakota Advisory

Committee disagrees with the position that has been taken by the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, and they wish to express that difference and also felt that as the eyes and ears of the Commission, the Advisory

Committees ought to advise the Commission concerning the Advisory Committee members' view, so for that reason they distributed a copy of their letter at the Chairperson's Conference, so the chairmen attending that meeting would be aware of the thinking of members of the North Dakota Committee.

MR. BOSTIC: And, of course, as Wanda has said, the letter is before the members of the Committee, but it relates specifically to the U.S. Civil Rights Commission. Again, as Wanda has said,

statement about it?

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1 with reference to federal funding on certain projects

2 at institutions of higher learning, that I believe the

3 decision was that certain acts of discrimination in

4 certain areas could be not funded by federal monies and

5 other aspects of the funding process of the

6 institutions of higher learning could carry on.

The North Dakota Advisory Committee
disagrees with that decision and has so written the
Commission. They simply are sort of asking other
Advisory Committees to look at it and perhaps make some
comments and, if they agree with them, to send a

similar letter to the U.S. Civil Rights Commission.

13 Ms. Rattley.

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MS. RATTLEY: I would like to comment I have not received and I'm still looking for that particular report. I think, basically, I know what you're talking about where the proposal is that in an institution of higher learning, that, if there is no discrimination, let's say, in the law school, that that section, that segment of the school should not be penalized for discrimination that may be, say, in the history department.

MR. BOSTIC: That's right.

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1 institution.

It seems to me that this is a step backwards, and I understand now we're talking about the affirmative action where somewhere else a decision is about to be made on that, and I'm not really looking forward to hearing about it because I feel like what's going to be happening there, in my opinion, is the same thing, it is related to what is anticipated. So I would suggest that we do join in with North Dakota group and send a letter to the Civil Rights Commission in support of their position.

MR. BOSTIC: Very good. Would any other member care to comment on that, give us your opinion?

MR. KRUMBEIN: I just hate silence.

When I read through the material on the Grove City

decision, quite frankly I had to take a lot of time to

read it and try to digest it. Two things struck me,

and the first was, it seemed like such a vast departure

from what I saw as the open door for civil rights and

that door to me opened in the United States Supreme

Court in an Alabama decision where the Supreme Court

held that the—and I'm sure I'll misquote it but I'll

That sort of thinking of the very simple matter of contact, of getting some flour from Idaho or Iowa or whatever, and using that in interstate commerce as requiring the the people in that little diner in Alabama to treat everybody like a citizen of the United States and then for us to see a decision which says—and I see the Grove City decision more narrowly maybe than other members.

The Grove City decision to me says that you've got this college and university and, if you are not discriminatory, you don't have to make a statement that you're not going—a case came about—I'm sorry I'm not sure I understand it enough to describe it clearly, but the case came about, as I read it, that the school did not want to sign an antidiscriminatory statement in order to receive their federal funds.

They got some fancy lawyers, and I like fancy lawyers, to decide that statement was not

I know I've rambled on a little bit but I see that as just not being the same sort of thinking in the same sort of country that we had when we decided that a little diner in Alabama had to treat everybody equally because they were a part of our great country, and university which makes a very minor distinction that, if we're going to hand the check to the student instead of to the school, they don't have to sign a statement.

We are not asking for action. They just have to sign a statement that they're not going to discriminate. That's the first thing I think that bothered me. The second thing—I won't be quite as long—winded about—that was that I am in sympathy with the idea that I would like the federal government to stop regulating as many things as they seem to be relating, and I don't know how you take those two ideas and put them together. Under the circumstances, I feel that it would be the responsibility of this State Advisory Committee to speak out, to have all of its members heard—there are only a few of us here today

DR. HOI: Yes. I don't recall that I have received the North Dakota Committee decision, but from what I've heard, I think I agree on the principle of supporting the letter.

MR. BOSTIC: Thank you. Mrs. Zeavin,

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1 do you have a comment?

2 MRS. ZEAVIN: I'll go along with

3 agreeing at this point.

MR. BOSTIC: We will draft the letter after I talk with the other members of the Committee and got their consent, and then we'll get back to you at our September meeting before we send it out if that's' agreeable.

Mr. Ring has not arrived and I'm wondering if we might just go back. Mr. Binkley, you're pretty well ready now to fill in for Mr. Ring for us if you would, please?

MR. BINKLEY: Sure.

MR. BOSTIC: It seems that we're just about on schedule and, if we follow with that now, we'll hear from Mr. Binkley on the Advisory Committee Conference that was held recently. Mr. Ring was the representative for the Virginia Advisory Committee and Mr. Binkley was presently, also. Mr. Binkley?

MR. BINKLEY: I just wanted to give Mr.

Ring an opportunity to report because he probably would report in more detail than I. I don't know whether he would be report more objectively or more subjectively

This is a report on a conference that's held annually for the chairpersons of the 51 states

State Advisory Committees to the United States

Commission on Civil Rights. It is normally held in

September but the Advisory Committees under the current administration and the current new leadership on the

Commission on Civil Rights were all rechartered in a brief period of time beginning at the first of the year. In that process the 51 Committees had roughly two-thirds of their membership replaced and all but three of the state chairpersons were replaced, three were retained—Delaware, the District of Columbia and North Dakota. It is interesting they have this letter.

Two of the new chairpersons were former members of Committees but had never attended a Chairperson's Conference, so the staff and the Commissioners decided they would like to have the new people come in as quickly as they could be to be briefed and informed of the Administration's position on Civil Rights and to meet them and talk with them in such a conference so they could go back to their states and proceed with their business.

That sets the stage and the framework of the conference. The conference lasted for a full two days and the Chairman, Clarence Pendleton, spoke to the conference; the Vice-Chairman, Morris Abram, spoke to the conference; the acting Staff Director, Max Green, spoke to the group, and the General Counsel J. Mann spoke to the group, and a representative whose name escapes me briefly from the Attorney General's office spoke. He is the director of the Office for Information. All of these people spoke on the basis of providing information to the new chairpersons of what this Administration's position was on civil rights, affirmative action, comparable worth, various things of that nature.

There were three panels in addition to the presentations made by the spokesmen I just mentioned, and the panels dealt with education and a project that the Commission has currently under way on education; the subject of comparable worth. There was a panel on comparable worth, and the panel—I don't have the agenda with me, but to the best of my knowledge, it was sort of like new directions to be taken.

For example, there is a project under way to study statistically the problems of disadvantaged in the United States. Some years ago the previous Commission did a study called "Social Discrimination: Indicators of Social Discrimination and Disadvantage" and the current Commission is seeking to and planning to update that and the people who are working on that made the presentations.

The overall purpose, as I say, was to brief and inform the new chairpersons of the positions of the Administration and the staff members and the Commissioners who addressed them. If anybody has any questions about all that, I'll try to answer them.

MS. RATTLEY: Yes. I guess I would have a question. The purpose of explaining the position of others, do I think that was intended to say indirectly that we want this to be your position, also?

MR. BINKLEY: Let me put it this way, I think the presentations made, especially by Chairman Pendleton and the acting Staff Director Max Green were that "we have appointed you. We welcome you, and here are some of the positions we have taken and we'd like for you to go out and study the subjects and the issues

Copyright (c) 1985 All Rights Reserved along these lines."

MS. RATTLEY: In other words, "Since we have appointed you, you are on our team now and you're supposed to agree with our position?"

MR. BINKLEY: No, I wouldn't want to leave that impression. The Chairman and Max Green also both said to these chairpersons, these 51 people or their representatives like Mr. Ring or Mr. Bostic, "We want your advice. We may not agree with it. We may not accept it, but we want your advice. Tell us what you think about issues in your community and we will consider it when we get it and we may publish it or we may not, but we want you to look at the issues in your community and your states and tell us what you think and what you believe, and then we'll consider the advice."

They tried to make clear they did not want to become censors or to program the people but they did, I think, make quite clear what their positions were on the various civil rights issues. I'm trying to answer your question thoroughly.

MS. RATTLEY: It is a little confusing. Sometimes when I read the results of meetings, when I

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1 advice; they want the views of the State Advisory

2 Committees and I think they are willing to accept it

3 and look at it. I don't think they will necessarily

always endorse everything that's been done.

MS. RATTLEY: I understand that.

MR. BINKLEY: You're familiar with the
problem of the process of trying to get the migrant
labor study approved and passed. That is not the only
one. There have been problems of that nature with

11 comments?

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MR. BOSTIC: Thank you, sir. Let's move on now to our next item of business here.

studies from other states. Any other geustions or

You will recall that you received a letter from me or at least a memorandum indicating that I would like to establish subcommittees in an effort to facilitate our being the eyes and ears of the Commission. I've suggested that we form subcommittees on housing, voting,, education, employment and administration of justice, which are topics that have been of continuing concern to the Commission. You also note that the panels in the form that are to follow our business meeting are also devoted to those five topics

If we establish these subcommittees as I

3 have indicated, today's proceedings will provide the

4 five subcommittees with data that they may analyze in

5 order to plan for future subcommittee activities and

6 activities to the Advisory Committee as a whole.

Now, since neither the Mid-Atlantic

Regional Office staff nor I have received any letters

or calls indicating that you are not willing to serve

on the subcommittees I have suggested, then—in fact, I

received one indication that a member is willing to

serve on two subcommittees, but the matter is still

open, and since we have not heard I would appreciate

knowing whether you would like to have the

subcommittees established and if you are willing to

serve on them.

If someone here might like to serve on more than one subcommittee, fine, but, first, let's get the issue on whether or not we should have subcommittees. Any comments from any members of the Committee on the five areas that I've mentioned? Do you approve of establishing these subcommittees?

MRS. RATTLEY: I so move.

In reviewing my calendar, the only day in September which I can meet is September 30th. In October the only days I have available or October 30 and October 31st.

Now, I realize that perhaps this information might come to you somewhat on short notice but I believe we did mention this in a communication sent to you, and I wondered if any of you have had a chance to look at your calendars to clear and see if the September 30th date is a date that's appropriate for our next meeting or and then, of course, October 30 and 31st for the second meeting after today. So any one have a conflict with a September 30th date?

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1 DR. HDI: I do.

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MR. BOSTIC: Anyone else? I don't know about Mr. Ring or Mr. Reston. Since we have not chosen the location of that September 30th meeting, since we have just one person who has indicated she cannot be there, we will tentatively go ahead and set the next meeting with September 30th with a site to be chosen. We had talked about another region, perhaps in the Roanoke area but we will get back to you and let you know where the meeting will be held but tentatively now it will be scheduled for September 30th.

Does anyone have any objection to the meeting of October 30 or 31st, which date is best for you?

DR. HOI: The 31st is better for me.

MR. BOSTIC: 31st.

MRS. HOFFMAN: We can come in costume.

MR. BOSTIC: Very good. Halloween. Is the 31st then agreeable to the other members of the Committee as far as you know now?

MRS. RATTLEY: Excuse me. Let's go back to September 30th. What time of day are you thinking? We will be having council meeting that evening. I

MR. BOSTIC: Would it be appropriate --

- 1 Danville is closer to you, Ms. Rattley.
- 2 MRS. HOFFMAN: The September meeting can
- 3 be in Danville, too. There is no set place. It's for
- 4 the--we want to meet in a different part of the state,
- 5 | that's the main thing.
- 6 MR. BOSTIC: Okay. The September 30th
- 7 meeting in terms of the time element, if we were to
- 8 hold it in the afternoon say at 1:00 o'clock in
- 9 Danville, would that give you enough time to get back
- 10 to your evening meeting?
- 11 MRS. RATTLEY: Should be if I can get a
- 12 | flight out of there. I wouldn't be able to drive it.
- 13 MR. BOSTIC: What is your consensus on
- 14 this? Should we hold the meeting in Danville or in
- 15 Roanoke for September 30th? Any opinions?
- 16 MR. KRUMBEIN: I'm a realist. If you
- 17 have it on September 30th in either Roanoke or
- 18 Danville, Ms. Rattley is not going to be there because
- if is going to be impossible for you to get back to
- 20 your meeting. Danville is a wonderful town but I'm
- 21 | certain they've got limited air service. It's not New
- 22 York City. I'm a realist.
- 23 MR. BINKLEY: My concern is whether it

MR. KRUMBEIN: If I had to make a

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1	guess, that's what I would believe.
2	MR. BOSTIC: What hour had you thought
3	about starting, Wanda, for the meeting? Could we start
4	earlier?
5	MRS. HOFFMAN: Yes. We could do as
6	we're doing here, that would allow people until about
7	noon to arrive in Roanoke and then we could meet later.
8	MR. BOSTIC: Meet at 1:00 o'clock and
9	until 6:00 o'elock?
10	MRS. HOFFMAN: Something of that nature.
11	MR. BOSTIC: Okay. And you would
12	arrange your schedule accordingly, Ms. Rattley, even
13	if you had to leave that but you would possibly be
14	with us on the 30th?
15	MRS. RATTLEY: Only if I could get a
16	plane out of Roanoke because driving to Roanoke is five
17	and-a-half hours to Newport News.
18	MR. BINKLEY: Are you available the
19	evening of the 29th?
20	MR. BOSTIC: Yes.
21	MR. BINKLEY: Is it possible to giving
22	this time we can convene Sunday evening, have an all-
23	day meeting? Is there anything wrong with starting at

1 MRS. HOFFMAN: No.

MR. BOSTIC: We'll get that later. At least we have the date. At these meetings then we will be planning our schedule and activities for the first of the year. Before we begin our 2:30 forum I would like for the Mid-Atlantic staff to briefly describe the role of the Advisory Committee members and panelists and then at the conclusion of those remarks we will take a brief break. Wanda?

MRS. HOFFMAN: We're going to break in about five minutes so that we can clear the table up here. The panelists will be coming to the front so that they may use the microphones and perhaps you can more easily see and hear them, and members of the Advisory Committee will be sitting out where you are now.

The format for the forums will be that
we will have certain resource persons address the topic
of the panel and then they may or may not have
questions for members of the Advisory Committee.
Following that, we will take questions from the
audience as time permits. If anyone has information
that they would like to get to the Advisory Committee

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1	and they don't have an opportunity to do so during
2	today's meeting, we would ask that you please submit
3	this information to the Mid-Atlantic Regional Office.
4	Thank you. So if there are no other comments from
5	members of the Committee, we will now break for Just
6	awe few minutes only.
7	(Business meeting adjourned at 2:40 p.m.
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