Public Briefing

Civil Rights Implications of the Federal Use of Facial Recognition Technology

March 8, 2024 | Washington, D.C.

The U.S. Commission on Civil Rights will hold a briefing on, Friday, March 8, 2024, on the civil rights implications of Facial Recognition Technology (FRT). This investigation will analyze how FRT is developed, how it is being utilized by federal agencies, emerging civil rights concerns, and safeguards the federal government is implementing to mitigate potential civil rights issues.

Specifically, the Commission will review the utilization of FRT technology by three cabinet agencies: U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

At this public briefing, the Commission will hear from subject matter experts such as government officials, academics, researchers, software developers, and legal experts. The Commission will accept written materials from the public for consideration as we prepare our report; submit to frt@usccr.gov no later than April 8, 2024.

DATE:
Friday, March 8, 2024, 10 am – 5 pm ET*

LOCATION:
U.S. Commission on Civil Rights
1331 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Suite 1150
Washington, DC 20425 (National Place Building F Street Entrance)

***The briefing will also be live-streamed on the Commission’s YouTube page, virtual attendance is encouraged due to limited space.***

Open Comment Session (public testimony): Written comments submitted to frt@usccr.gov by April 8, 2024.

Stay abreast of updates at www.usccr.gov and on Twitter and Facebook.

*Schedule subject to change

***

The U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, established by the Civil Rights Act of 1957, is the only independent, bipartisan agency charged with advising the President and Congress on civil rights and reporting annually on federal civil rights enforcement. Our 56 state Advisory Committees offer a broad perspective on civil rights concerns at state and local levels. The Commission: in our 7th decade, a continuing legacy of influence in civil rights. For information about the Commission, please visit www.usccr.gov and on Twitter and Facebook.